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VOL. 38. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1903. NO. 39

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Nov. 16, 1903.

Editor Press:—

Up to the present the most interesting debate in Congress occured in the Senate relative to the reception of the great number of petitions which have been sent that body from all parts of the country, demanding that Hon. Reed Smoot, the Mormon Senator from Utah, be expelled from the Senate on the ground that he is an apostle of the Mormon church, and as such was cempelled to take an oath of allegiance to his church as the highest civil as well as religious authority in the land. Most of these petitions are printed blanks which have been distributed throughout the country to be signed and sent to Senators. They are signed principally by women's organizations, such as the Daughters of the American Revolution and the W. C. T. T., and religious organizations. In many cases the phraseology of the petitions is indentical, showing that they emanated from the same source. Former Secretary John G. Carlisle is to appear before the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, as counsel for the petitioners. When the petitions were presented, Senator Hoar declared that they were out of order, as the question was a judicial one to be decided by the Senate Committee, and that petitioning that committee was as much out of place as petitioning the Supreme Court of the United States. Senator Dubois of Idaho took issue with Senator Hoar and declared that "these various organizations of Christian men and women have a right to petition the Senate and it is there duty to do so. They know what they are doing. They represent the moral thought of the country and should not be discouraged." Most of the public men here disagree with Senator Dubois and believe that instead of of representing the moral thought of the country, they represent the narrow bigotry of those who are attacking a religion which is not identical with their own. There is not the slightest chance of forcing Senator Smoot to give up his seat, and many people believe that the mere investigation of his eligibility is an unworthy concession to the united bigotry of the country.

Much comment has been aroused by the publication of that part of the President's regular message to Congress which related to the canal negotiations. It was written before the revolution in Panama and has now been cut out of the message. The President says, "High authorities on international law hold that the canal can be be dug as an incident to exercising the power to prevent the obstruction of tariff across the isthmus." After stating that in his judgment it is time to declare that the building of the canal cannot be much longer delayed he continues, "It seems evident that in a matter such as this we should finally docide which is the best route, and if the advantage of this route over any other possible route are sufficiently marked, we should then give notice that we can no longer submit to trifling or insincere dealing on the part of those whom the accident of possession has placed in temporary control of the ground through which the route must pass." He ends by declaring that if the possesors of the territory fail to come to a straightforward agreement with us, "We must forthwith take the matter into our own hands."

Advertise in the PRESS.

J. Harris Mussina Meets With a Terrible Accident.

Immediately after the noon hour today J. Harris Mussina, of this city, was standing on the end of a coal car, which was on the siding of the P. and E. railroad near the freight depot, when some trainmen who where switching cars near there made a flying switch and sent some cars in on the same siding, striking the car upon which Mr. Mussina was standing, knocking him off and throwiug him nnder the car, the wheel of which passed over his right arm, crushing it from the elbow to near the shoulder, cutting of the ends of the third, fourth and little fingers of his left hand and cutting a gash in his head. The ambulance was called and doctors sent for and the unfortunate man was taken to the hospital where the arm was amputed near the shoulder. Mr. Mussina is engaged in the coal business as well as being manager of the opera house and was engaged to day in assisting in unloading a car load of coal when the accident occurred. Mr. Mussina is very well known throughout this city and county and particularly popular and the news of the sad accident quickly spread from one to another, causing expressions of sincere regret on every hand As we go to press the hospital authorities informs us that Mr. Mussina stood the amputation of the arm very well and is resting quietly.—Thursday's Lock Haven Democrat.

Star Course.

The canvass for season tickets for the Star Course entertainment, conducted this year in the interest of the public schools is progressing steadily in the hands of the teachers. The people of Emporium will miss an excellent series of entertainments who do not avail themselves of this opportunity. A large number have purchased season tickets. Have you? If not, we ask that you do so, and encourage a worthy cause. Only $1.50 is asked for the course of five entertainments, including reserved seat. The seats will be reserved beforr the Course opens for the entire series, which is the most satisfactory way to all.

The opening date is Dec. 2d, when Lulu Tyler Gates Company will appear. Several have expressed surprise that we are able to bring such high class entertainers before our people. It is only by the liberal patronage of the people that it can be done, and on this we rely.

The board will be open at Lloyd's on Saturday morning, Nov. 28th, at eight o'clock for the reserving of seats for Course tickets, and at the same hour Tuesday morning, Dec. 1, for single admissions to the first entertainment.

Does This Look Panicy ?

For fear the Independent may feel rather timid about noticing the numerous large orders for American iron and steel from foreign ports, we publish the following from Harrisburg Telegraph of Tuesday: "Within the past week the Pennsylvania Steel Company have received contracts for a $5,000,000 bridge, a contract for 7,000 tons of steel rails and another for 20,000 tons of steel rails. The orders will be divided between the Steelton and Sparrow's Point plants, most of the rails going to the latter, and together with the orders previously booked insure the prosperity of both Steelton and Sparrow's Point plants during the coming winter."

Fatal Wreck.

Last Tuesday morning a serious wreck occurred on B. & S. R. R., near Wharton, whereby engineer M. G. Walters lost his life. The log train ran into a slide, ditching the engine, which rolled down a 16 foot embankment, landing bottom side up in the Sinnamahoning creek, eight feet under water. The body of the engineer was recovered Tuesday evening and will be buried at Binghamton, N. Y., on Friday. Deceased, who resided at Austin, leaves a wife, son and two daughters.

Transfered to Buffalo.

Elmer E. Klock, who for many years has been Master Mechanic at Emporium Junction, has been transfered to Buffalo, where he assumes a similar position with Pennsy. Mr. Klock, who is a thorough and valuable man to the railroad interests, is one of Emporium's best citizens, himself and family being active members of Methodist Church. The best wishes of our citizens go with them. Mr. Betinger, of Buffalo, takes Mr. Klock's place at Emporium.

The One Package Dye

In red printed wrappers, colors cotton, wool or silk in same bath. Sample 01c, any color. New Peerless, Elmira, N. Y. 36-4t.

The Last Sad Chapter.

Our readers will remember that we stopped our press last week to announce the fatal shooting of Harry M. Thomas, son of Ex-Country Treasurer Charles M. Thomas, while the short announcement, written hastilly during the excitement, was, in the main, correct. Young Thomas went to the home of his parents about three o'clock, p. m., changed his clothes and informed his mother he was going to shoot a bird for one of his sisters, inquired for his shells, which had been taken from his room by his mother, fearing that some children might get them. Going to his room after his gun, a single barrel shot gun, which stood behind a door, a trunk being in front of it, he is supposed to have reached for the fire arm and pulled it over the trunk, catching the trigger and exploding the load. It was not known that the gun was loaded by the members of the family, neither is it supposed that Harry was aware of that fact. When the report of the gun was heard, his sister Nellie, who was only a few feet from him, screamed to her mother, who ran to the neighbors and 'phoned for Dr. Smith, who promptly arrived. The fatal shot entered his left side above the heart, he falling with a heavy thud upon the floor. When assistance arrived the fatally injured boy regained consciousness sufficient to ask if he would live. Being informed that it was doubtful, he managed to say that the shooting was accidential, when he again became unconscious and passed away, just twenty minutes from the time of the shooting. Imagine the terrible blow to the mother and sisters, to have one in whom they hoped and prayed might occupy a station in life of honor and responsibility, every inducement having been exerted by kind parents, to be thus tragically taken from them without scarcely a moments warning. To say that Harry Thomas was faultness would be saying that which cannot be applied to any one, especially a young man, full of life, energy and a desire to have all the pleasure in this life. The young man, above the average as to height, and physical make-up, being over six feet in height and as strong as a giant, was a favorite with his companions, who delighted to watch his exhibitions of wonderful strength. Never denied anything by his kind parents, he always had a host of friends among the younger element, about his age—21 years next Saturday. He was born at Driftwood, this county. The sad news rapidly spread throughout the town and numerous kind friends called to render any assistance within their power, the family having long been honored citizens of Emporium and Cameron county. This great affliction falls with terrible force upon the family, especially the indulgent mother—that kindest of parents, the one who always bears the cross of sorrow.

Mr. Thomas, the father, was absent from home, at one of his lumber jobs at Ligonier, Pa., when the accident occurred and a message, or messages, did not reach him until nine o'clock same evening, and then not until a special engine was sent twenty miles into the woods after him. He made all haste to reach home and arrived here Friday evening, when the arrangements were completed for the funeral. The terrible suspense, not having any information, except this message, completely unnerved this gentleman of wonderful nerve.

THE FUNERAL.

The funeral on Sunday afternoon at 2:30, was one of the largest attended in years. The family residence East Allegany Avenue, was crowded with relatives and friends and hundreds of our citizens viewed the remains, reclining upon a beautiful couch casket, amidst a profusion of flowers, roses, palms and ferns, offerings of family, societies and friends. The religious services were conducted jointly by Revs. McCaslin, Metzler and Robertson The music was rendered by the usual quartet. Owing to the large gathering it was nearly 3:30 before the silent cortage wended its way to that "Silent City" from whence no traveler returns. The Emporium Fire Department composed of three companies, attended in a body, the deceased having for years been an active member of the Citizens Hose, the latter organization acting as floral bearers. The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, (of which the deceased was a member and carried an insurance of $1,350 in favor of his mother), were given the position of honor in the formation also acted as pall bearers. The passage of the long percession was a very impressive scene and when the funeral reached Newton Cemetery the rear had not crossed the railroad. The services at the grave were short and conducted by the same clergymen, representing the Presbyterian, Methodist and Episcopal churches The attendance at the Cemetery was unusually large.

The following relatives and friends were in attendance at the funeral: W. H. Thomas and wife, Bradford, Pa.; Mrs. D. W. Horn, Mr. and Mrs. Swartwood, Miss Myrtle Lloyd, Sinnamahoning; Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Douglas, Olean, N. Y.; Miss Bessie Hineman, Colegrove, Pa., Mr. and Mrs. V. S. Burnell, Buffalo, N. Y.; Mrs. Cole, Stanards; N. Y.

Turkey for Widows.

THE PRESS is pleased to announce that the committee having in charge the distribution of turkeys to the widows of Emporium have arranged to make the presentation this year for Thanksgiving. It is desired that every name be mailed, or delivered, at the PRESS office not later than next Tuesday, that all may be served. Please be prompt.

Thanksgiving Service.

Thanksgiving services will be held in Emmanuel Church, at 10:00 a. m., Thanksgiving, by the Rector.

Lacey-Jordan.

Geo. Lacey and Miss Lizzie Jordan, two sensible young people, quietly visited Rev. Father Downey Tuesday morning and joined hands for life. Congratulations and best wishes.

Baptist Church.

Rev. M. B. Twitchell, of Danville, Pa., will preach in the Baptist Church next Sunday, morning and evening Nov. 22nd. A cordial welcome extended to all.

Rummage Sale.

The Woman's Releif Corps expect to conduct a rummage sale in the vacant store room in Larrabee's block, to commence about second week in December. Remember the date and give a helping hand.

Returns From Extended Trip.

Mr. Fred Julian, who landed at San Francisco on the 10th on his return from the Phillipines, is now en route for Emporium and is expected to reach Emporium on Thanksgiving day.

The Way to Keep Prosperity.

Indianapolis "Journal."

"Uncle Joe" Cannon declares that the country's prosperity is on a solid basis, and the people are of the same opinion. The way to keep it there is to keep Republican policies in force.

Rummage Sale.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will continue their Rummage Sale, Thursday and Friday of this week, Nov. 19th and 20th, in the vacant room opposite R. C. Dodson's drug store.

All who have anything to contribute will kindly send it to the room mentioned.

New Long Distant Connection.

It will be seen by ordinance passed by the Borough Council that Emporium is liable to have a new long distance 'phone connection in the near future. The proposed line will give direct western connection, as well as eastern and northern points. Geo. Metzger's exchange will handle the business.

Bowling Match.

Last Saturday evening, St. Marys and Emporium bowlers contested for championship in three games. Quite a large number of spectators witnessed the games. The score stood 46 pins in favor of St Marys, who carried two out of three games. A return match is planned at St. Mary's in the near future. Emporium bowlers, as a whole, disappointed our people and did not play as they can.

Chapter of Accidents,

ARM BROKEN.

William Gibbs' little daughter, residing on Clear Creek, last Sunday had the misfortune to fall, breaking her right arm in two places, below the elbow. The sufferer was brought to Dr. Bardwell's office for treatment.

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ANKLE BROKEN.

Last Saturday, Chas. Odene, of West Fifth street, employed in Howord mill, stepped off a porch breaking his right ankle. Dr. Heilman reduced the fracture.

***

STEPPED INTO HOLE.

Last Wednesday, David Henneger, while working on a car at Howard mill, stepped into a hole in the floor, breaking a bone in his left ankle. Dr. Heilman is attending him.

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FOOT CUT.

Harry Edwards, of Portage, severely cut his left foot, last Sunday, while chopping wood. Dr. H. W. Good was called and dressed the injury.

The PRESS expected Hockley to point out those soup houses predicted in last week's Independent, but instead gets off some more of his usual "Gumption Cute" sayings and hashes over old chestnuts.

Everybody reads the PRESS.

SUCCESSFUL SURPRISE

Henry Auchu, the Lumberman and Business Man Surprised, Royally Entertains His Friends.

It is an old saying that "surprise parties seldom surprise" did not hold good in the pleasant occasion that took place at the large and spacious residence of Mr. Henry Auchu, West Fourth street, last Monday evening, upon the occasion of the 60th anniversary of that public spirited citizen. Mr. Auchu, who is a very busy man always, thought he would remain "mum" when the great day approached but little did he imagime that his good wife and pleasant family had been quietly planning to surprise him. A few friends were let into the "plot" to catch this wily gentleman. Accordiugly County Commissioner A. F. Vogt invited Mr. Auchu to become his guest at the Business Men's Club until the train for the east, Mr. Vogt pretending to take that train for New York. At 9:30 the 'phone called Mr. Vogt, who discovered he had forgotten his railroad transportation, invited the victim to accompany him home after his ticket, when lo ! and behold his wife evidently had been called across the street to Mr. Auchu's. In they walked, when the astonished lumberman discoved his spacious parlor was comfortably filled with about thirty gentlemen friends, all of whom were enjoying themselves at King Pedro. Around tables were seated the following: Mr. Josiah Howard, Judge Geo. A. Walker, Mr. B. W. Green, Rev. Father Downey, Mr. W. H. Howard, Mr. Chas. Seger, Mr. R. Warner. Dr. H. W. Good, Mr. I. K. Hockley, Mr. R. Seger, Mr. A. C. Blum, Mr. Jos. J. Lingle, Mr. A. F. Vogt, Mr. Geo. J. LaBar, Mr. E. W. Gaskill, Mr. Joshua Bair, Mr. W. G. Bair, Mr. Eugene Goodyear. Mr. A. Boutah, Mr. Theo. Richie, Mr. Jas. L. Norie, Mr. Harry Hilliard, Mr. Fred Auchu, Mr. D. Couture, Mr. A. E. Niver and ye editor. It is needless to add that the little Frenchman accepted the situation gracefully, admitting that he had for once been trapped. Being of a very hospitable disposition nothing was too good for his friends, he promptly brought out his best cigars—Henry always keeps some of the best of everything—and vied with his good natured wife in entertaining their guests. So pleasantly did the time fly that even such old stagers as Judge Walker, B. W. Green, Geo. J. LaBar and A. C. Blum, who always are particular to be in their little cots early, were surprised to see the lateness of the hour—midnight—and commenced to look for some one to make a break. At this point in the game, the gang were politely invited to move their card tables to the rooms on the opposite side of the house. Of course many, like ourselves, did not know what this meant but in course of time we scented the delicious aroma of coffee and——celery. To cut a long story short the large party were invited to lay aside their cards and return from whence they came, where one of the most elaborate dinners, in courses, was served. In addition to the deliciously prepared meal, the table elaborately decorated in the centre with a monster cake, (as large as a good sized cheese,) called the birth-day cake, illuminated with sixty small wax tapers, added more beauty to the scene and if possible, aided the small eaters at the northern end of the board. Seated at the head of the table, surrounded by his friends, the host was the happiest person in the parlor, unless it was the prime mover and originator of the successful and happy event—Mrs. Auchu. Cigars having been passed Mr. Josiah Howard, called the guests to order and in a few remarks, on behalf of the friends present, presented Mr. Auchu a handsome carved oak leather rocker, with the best wishes for many happy anniversaries. This handsome piece of furniture, the best that Mr. LaBar could purchase, is a beauty. In addition to the above, Mr. A. F. Vogt gave a solid gold Knights of Columbus emblem; Mr. Boutain Eugene Couture, D. Couture and Fred Auchu a cut glass flower vase and Mr. B. W. Green a silver match safe. The officials of the Emporium and Rich Valley R. R., of which Mr. Auchu is President, sent by express, sixty pieces of bright and shining coin, securely sealed in a bag.

Mr. Howard again called for order and invited Mr. Green, to toast the popular host. Mr. Green who is the best after dinner orator in this section, had a subject close to his heart and echoed the sentiments of every person around the banquet board when he dwelt upon the business and social integrity of Mr. Auchu, and the great esteem in which he is held in the county; his loyalty and patriotism to every trust—home, country and friends.

Mr. Henry Auchu, although overwhelmed with the kind expressions of fellowship from his friends and the handsome testimonials of kind regard, returned his thanks profusely, regretting his inability to respond in fitting manner, being completely overwhelmed and supremely happy.

After more Pedro, plenty of cigars and a jolly pleasant visit the guests departed for home at a very late morning hour, in good order and pleased with this one of the most enjoyable accasions in the history of Emporium, noted for its hospitable entertainments. The PRESS extends its best wishes to Mr. Henry Auchu and his elegant family, with the earnest hope that all may be spared to celebrate many more such joyous heart-cheer re-unions.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Fair
SATURDAY, Fair.
SUNDAY, Fair.

A Thoughtful Address.

The Rev. A. J. Nock, Rector of St. James' Church, Titusville, Pa., delivered a thoughtful address in Emmanuel Church on Monday evening. His subject was a "Criticism of the Spirit of Modern Education," and in substance it was a plea for the recognition of the claims of a more liberal and complete culture than the speaker discerns in our present strenuous, self-reliant American life. Strenuousness, self-reliance and honesty are virtues that we cannot do without, and these are possessed by the American people in a larger degree than by any other nation. But it is a mistake, the speaker argued, to think that our civilization contains all the desirable elements of life. The reaction against the Puritan *regime* in the seventeenth century was a proof of the failure of a one-sided ideal of life permanently to satisfy humanity. Our American life is far indeed from being so bare and repellent as was the Puritanism of the seventeenth century; nevertheless, when compared with life in its fulness, our present civilization falls short of completeness.

BRIEF MENTION.

Use the 'phone when you wish to send us items of news.

The Pennsylvania hay crop this year is estimated to have been worth $40,000,000.

FOR SALE—Cooking stove good as new; gas, coal or wood. Inquire at PRESS office. 39-1t.

Good goods and low prices is our hobby. Give us a call, we guarantee satisfaction. N. Seger.

N. Seger is now offering clothing at astonishingly low prices. If you need anything in this line call and see him.

WANTED—Boys for Emmanuel church choir. Apply at Parish room Monday and Wednesday afternoon at 4:30. Salary paid.

The best is the only kind of clothing N. Seger handles. The goods are here for your inspection—cannot be bought elsewhere for the same money.

All Smokers smoke the "W. H. Mayer" hand made cigar, the best five cent cigar on the market. Be sure you ask for it. 24-tf.

"The Desperate Chance" Company decided to jump Emporium and now Tom Norris can't use that check left over from the last desperate chance for a seat.

Hot Springs, Ark.

Sunday. November 8th, the Iron Mountain Route will inaugurate its solid through fast train service between St. Louis and Hot Springs, Ark., via Benton. This train will leave St. Louis daily at 8:20 p. m., arriving at Hot Springs at 8:20 a. m., the following day. Elegant new day coaches and Pullman sleeping cars equipped with electric lights and fans. Write for illustrated book of this famous resort, sent free on application to Jno. R. James, Central Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa. 39-3t.

Estrayed.

About four months ago, a red-brown Jersey-Guernsey cow estrayed from the premises of the undersigned near Emporium Junction. A reward of $5.00 will be paid for return of the animal.

39-2t. JOHN BAUER.

Card of Thanks.

To the kind friends, Emporium Fire Department, and the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, we wish to tender our sincere thanks for their many kind acts and expressions of sympathy during our late sad bereavement.

C. M. THOMAS AND FAMILY.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

President Roosevelt has sent to the Smithsonian institution a small stuffed mouse, which the president captured on his last western trip and stuffed and mounted himself. The mouse is of an uncommon species and is regarded as a valuable addition to the institution's exhibits, yet the directors, if they had been consulted, might have chosen a mountain lion rampant.

The royal family of Sweden is a thrifty one. It has a civil list of very nearly a half million dollars from Norway and Sweden, and in addition the king has a little more than $82,000 a year from the fund voted to King Carl XIV. and his successors. At the same time his majesty has palaces both in the city and country, in Sweden and Norway, and he owns stock in many undertakings.

Play distinguishes the higher from the lower animals, and it signifies possibility of education. Fishes do not play at all; the lower mammals can hardly be taught to play, and birds are entirely devoid of that instinct. But the kitten and the lamb are essentially playing animals. The human young, however, are the true players, and, in reality, it is play that develops them into manhood.

Of all the larger cities of the country, Chicago has the largest proportion of males in its total population. During the last 20 years Chicago has averaged 5.3 per cent. more males than females, while New York has averaged 2.8 per cent. more females than males. Philadelphia 5.7 per cent. and Boston 7 per cent. more females than males. And Chicago's male death rate is the lowest of the four cities.

Biltmore, the magnificent 130,000-acre estate owned by George W. Vanderbilt, in North Carolina, may be converted into a vast hunting and fishing preserve for the use of one of the most exclusive and fashionable sportsmen's clubs in the country. Edgar B. Moore, proprietor of Kenilworth inn, North Carolina, now an all-year round resort, has received a proposition from Mr. Vanderbilt to lease his property for a term of years to be used as a hunting ground for a club which Mr. Moore is forming.

Consider first the volume of business the post office handles, says the World's Work. Through 75,924 post offices, and in such mass as to require for railroad transportation 31 trains each a mile long traveling 203 times around the equator, more than 745,000,000 pounds of matter was delivered last year. If an average were made, every man, woman and child in the United States received 61 letters, 31 newspapers or periodicals, and 14 packages and every sixth person registered a letter.

Robert Davies, a wealthy Welsh shipowner, who owns considerable property on either side of the Menal bridge, has completed the necessary arrangements for transferring a capital sum of £135,000 to the authorities of the Calvinistic Methodist mission in the Khasi Hills, India. The money, which is estimated to yield an income of more than £5,000, is invested in English railway stocks. Twelve trustees have been appointed, and the fund is to be strictly applied to the Khasi mission. Mr. Davies is the brother of the late lord lieutenant of Carnarvon.

One of the most picturesque landmarks in the vicinity of Philadelphia is the historic Red Lion inn, just across Poquessing creek from the city, in Bucks county. Once a bustling relay station for New York stage coaches, and long afterward a rarely visited roadside hostelry, the Red Lion has of late come into prominence and prosperity again. It was in this inn that Gen. Washington established his headquarters for one night while the army bivouacked on the hillside during the historic march of the revolutionary army.

The Hon. Alfred Deakin, who succeeds Sir Edmund Barton as premier of the Austrian commonwealth, is the youngest man in the ministry. He is an Australian born, and has just completed his 47th year. Originally a barrister and journalist, he entered the Victorian parliament at the age of 23 years, where he was a member of two successive governments. He is a power in the Australian Native association, and took the lead in the federal movement in the state of Victoria. He is regarded as Australia's foremost orator.

STRIKING HIS GAIT.

—Chicago Inter Ocean.

THE CLEVELAND TALK.

Grover May Act as a Sort of Hitching Post for the Old-Fashioned Democracy.

According to the intimations of some of his friends, the reason why Mr. Cleveland allows the use of his name as a democratic possibility is that he wants to "create a nucleus of conservative democratic sentiment, around which the party will rally, and out of which a candidate will be selected who will be widely different from the nominee of 1896 and 1900." Cleveland, according to this assumption, not only does not want the nomination, but would not accept it if it were offered to him by the unanimous vote of the convention. Both Cleveland and Mrs. Cleveland are against any return to the white house.

This may be all true, observes the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, but there are a good many democrats and other persons who think that the ex-president would take another term if he could get it. Very nearly all the Bryan faction of the party feel pretty confident that Cleveland is in the field for the nomination. This is why he receives so many attacks from that element. They would not be hitting him if they imagined he was dead politically. There is lots of live game on the Cleveland side for the Bryan men to shoot at without wasting powder on that which has already been knocked over.

Probably the Cleveland talk will have some effect toward bracing up the anti-Bryan section of the democracy. That faction, it seems safe to say, will dominate the convention of 1904. They control the east, and the south apparently is more than willing this time to aid the east and cut away from the west. If the east brings forward any half way acceptable man he is likely to receive lots of support from the region below the Potomac and the Ohio. The south has nobody, except Gorman, who can be called a serious aspirant. Gorman's chances will largely depend on the result in his state on November 3, 1903. If his side carries the governor, Gorman will get a boom which may help him in the big convention next summer. Whether Gorman can be said to represent the conservative sentiment of the party, as the Clevelandites define conservatism, is another thing. Cleveland has reason to dislike the Maryland boss. Anyhow, even with Cleveland acting as a sort of hitching post for the old-fashioned democracy to tie to, the result of the national democratic convention of 1904 is still in the profoundest kind of doubt.

Defeat of Tom Johnson.

In Ohio the defeat of Tom Johnson as a democratic candidate for governor was plainly enough foreshadowed weeks ago when his habitual demagogy and vanity led him to assail with insinuation and vituperation many of the best democrats of the state. He no doubt gained some republican and socialistic votes by the tactics which he pursued, but he lost much more than he gained by the operation. It has been Mr. Johnson's belief that his election as governor this fall would make him a formidable candidate for the presidency next year. He has even declared that the defeat of Mr. Hanna for the senate by Mr. Clarke, a conservative gold democrat, would be favorable to his ambitions. As to this it is plain enough that the results completely eliminate Mr. Johnson from the presidential field and that probably if he had not appeared in this contest Mr. Clarke would have made a much better showing as against Mr. Hanna.—Chicago Chronicle (Dem.).

☞Mr. Bryan is not favorably impressed with the idea that a Connecticut bequest should be scaled down to the level of a 40-cent dollar.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞A democratic paper in Philadelphia solemnly rises to deny the lack of an issue for its party, and points to the treasury surplus of $170,000,000 in the last three years. The republican party confesses to the charge and acknowledges that the democratic party is eminently qualified to change a surplus into a deficit without the slightest abatement of its historical ability in that line.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

THE ELECTIONS.

Presage of the Return of the Old Democracy to Power in Some Sections.

The result of the election in New York city is regrettable, but it should not lead to a hopeless pessimism. Unless the city is truly an abomination in the sight of the Lord the 300,00 persons who voted for McClellan can hardly be all bad. Indeed, we should probably be right in assuming that the majority of them are reputable citizens, and if McClellan should not prove true to his promises and Tammany should act again as it did during the disgraceful administration of Van Wyck defections and defeat must follow as they have in the past.—Chicago Record Herald.

The most instructive feature of the contest is that which shows how difficult it is for our American municipalities to get clear of the party system. When due allowances are made for all the other influences that were at work, it is still clear that McClellan was elected primarily because he was a democrat. In some other city, Philadelphia, for example, a pure government movement would be checked in exactly the same way by republican partisanship, and it is becoming more and more evident every year that the irrelevant party cry will be a disturbing and generally a controlling factor in municipal politics so long as there are party nominations and party names on the ballots. The absolute exclusion of the names which was proposed by the Denver reformers is the only sure means of making municipal elections purely municipal and of releasing the municipalities from the tyranny and corruption of party machines.

Generally speaking, the state elections were not of great significance, but there was a reassertion of democratic strength in Maryland which Mr. Gorman will make the most of, while Johnson's burial in Ohio was so complete as to suggest that democrats as well as republicans, cheerfully assisted at the obsequies. Evidently Johnson is far too radical for any party at the present time, and possibly the returns from New New York, Ohio and Nebraska may presage a return of the old conservative democracy to the command of the party organization. This certainly seems to be the thought of its representatives.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

☞D. B. Hill was the only man in the country who couldn't get any satisfaction out of the elections, no matter which way they went.—Chicago Record-Herald.

☞Mr. Bryan has been called a falsifier. And it was done to his face and by a fellow democrat. Yet there was no bloodshed. Isn't Mr. Bryan afraid he will lose caste in the south and west?—Troy Times.

☞Some democratic organs show a disposition to use the fact that an occasional mill or mine has shut down as disproving the prosperity of the country. How they do gloat over calamity!—Troy Times.

☞It is said that Bryan has finally renounced the free silver doctrine as antiquated and has surrendered to the gold standard. It is proverbial that a full stomach and a fat pocketbook make a man optimistic and will even reconcile him to a large income on a gold basis. But how the old populistic and democratic worship of this silver knight of dauntless courage and unshaken constancy must wither at the sight of him traveling in ease among the tyrant governments of the old world and relinquishing all allegiance to that doctrine which once was the occupation of the noisy and the pride of the foolish.—Troy Times.

☞Once there was a man of the name of Tom Johnson.—Chicago Tribune.

☞Col. Bryan has been upset so many times in his political career that he cannot be expected to take much stock in the Cleveland theory that there is plenty of room at the top.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞"Golden Rule" Jones, after glancing over the election returns, expressed the conviction that the democratic party would never again elect a president. While there may be some ground for this belief, yet we are inclined to regard it as foolishly optimistic.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A SHORT MESSAGE.

President Roosevelt Forwards One to Congress.

He Wants a Reciprocity Treaty With Cuba Approved—It Will Open a Large Market to Our Products and Benefit Both Americans and Cubans.

Washington, Nov. 10.—The following is the message of the president to the extraordinary session of congress:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

I have convened the congress that it may consider the legislation necessary to put into operation the commercial treaty with Cuba, which was ratified by the senate at its last session, and subsequently by the Cuban government. I deem such legislation demanded not only by our interest but by our honor. We cannot with propriety abandon the course upon which we have so wisely embarked. When the acceptance of the Platt amendment was required from Cuba by the action of the congress of the United States this government thereby definitely committed itself to the policy of treating Cuba as occupying a unique position as regards this country.

It was provided that when the island became a free and independent republic she should stand in such close relations with us as in certain respects to come within our system of international policy, and it necessarily followed that she must also to a certain degree become included within the lines of our economic policy. Situated as Cuba is it would not be possible for this country to permit the strategic abuse of the island by any foreign military power. It is for this reason that certain limitations have been imposed upon her financial policy, and that naval stations have been conceded by her to the United States. The negotiations as to the details of these naval stations are on the eve of completion. They are so situated as to prevent any idea that there is the intention ever to use them against Cuba, or otherwise than for the protection of Cuba from the assaults of foreign foes, and for the better safeguarding of American interests in the waters south of us.

These interests have been largely increased by the consequences of the war with Spain, and will be still further increased by the building of the isthmian canal. They are both military and economic. The granting to us by Cuba of the naval stations above alluded to is of the utmost importance from a military standpoint, and is proof of the good faith with which Cuba is treating us. Cuba has made great progress since her independence was established. She has advanced steadily in every way. She already stands high among her sister republics of the new world. She is loyally observing her obligations to us, and she is entitled to like treatment by us.

The treaty submitted to you for approval secures to the United States economic advantages as great as those given to Cuba. Not an American interest is sacrificed. By the treaty a large Cuban market is secured to our producers. It is a market which lies at our doors, which is already large, which is capable of greater expansion and which is especially important to the development of our export trade. It would be indeed short-sighted for us to refuse to take advantage of such an opportunity, and to force Cuba into making arrangements with other countries to our disadvantage

This reciprocity treaty stands by itself. It is demanded on considerations of broad national policy as well as by our economic interest. It will do harm to no industry. It will benefit many industries. It is in the interest of our people as a whole, both because of its importance from the broad standpoint of international policy, and because economically it intimately concerns us to develop and secure the rich Cuban market for our farmers, artisans, mechanics and manufacturers. Finally it is desirable as a guaranty of the good faith of our nation towards her young sister republic to the south, whose welfare must ever be closely bound with ours.

We gave her liberty. We are knit to her by the memories of the blood and in the courage of our soldiers who fought for her in war; by the memories of the wisdom and integrity of our administrators who served her in peace and who started her so well on the difficult path of self-government. We must help her onward and upward, and in helping her we shall help ourselves.

The foregoing considerations caused the negotiation of the treaty with Cuba and its ratification by the senate. They now with equal force support the legislation by the congress which by the terms of the treaty is necessary to render it operative. A failure to enact such legislation would come perilously near a repudiation of the pledged faith of the nation.

I transmit herewith the treaty, as amended by the senate and ratified by the Cuban government.

White House, November 10, 1903.
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Italy's Finance Minister Suicides.

Naples, Italy, Nov. 10.—Minister of Finance Rosano committed suicide by shooting during Sunday night. Since the formation of the new cabinet the socialists had attacked Signor Rosano, charging him with corruption during his political career, challenging him to disprove the charges and adding that otherwise they would bring the matter up at the opening of the chamber of deputies.

Bridge Dealer Charged with Murder.

Kansas City, Nov. 10.—Sheriff Love, of Kingfisher county, Oklahoma, created a sensation here yesterday by serving a warrant on J. W. Hoover, a prominent local business man, and agent of an Ohio bridge company, on an indictment returned in Oklahoma charging him with murder. The indictment grew out of the wreck of a bridge built by Mr. Hoover's company in which two men were killed. Mr. Hoover says he has never been in Kingfisher and his attorney has wired Gov. Dockery urging the latter to refuse to grant requisition papers.

A SENSATIONAL TRIAL.

Ex-State Senator John H. Holbrook Is Charged with Bribery at Lansing, Mich.—A Military Board Scandal.

Lansing, Mich., Nov. 12.—A jury was secured Wednesday for the trial of ex-State Senator John Holbrook, charged with bribery in connection with the acquittal of Col. Eli Sutton, ex-member of the state military board and ex-regent of the State university, who was charged with being implicated in a $50,000 fraud practiced on the state of Michigan in connection with supplies for the state troops during the Cuban war.

In his opening address for the people, Prosecutor Tuttle said it would be shown that when a grand jury was called to investigate the military board scandal suit it was arranged with Holbrook to employ a detective to watch the movements of the presiding judge, also that Holbrook arranged with Alderman William H. McKale, who was a member of the grand jury, to keep him constantly informed as to what was going on in the jury room.

The people further charge that Holbrook arranged with ex-Sheriff Porter, ex-Deputy Sheriff Carl Loomis and ex-Chief of Police Sanford, who were in office at the time of Sutton's trial, to aid in preventing conviction. It is alleged that after the original panel of jurymen had been exhausted and the sheriff had been ordered by the court to summon talesmen, Porter told Sutton he would subpoena any six men Sutton would name. It is charged that this list was prepared by Holbrook at Sutton's request and that five of the persons named were summoned to serve as jurors. One of these, it is alleged, was Arthur H. Phillips, to whom it is charged Holbrook offered $300 if he would stay on the jury and vote for acquittal.

Lansing, Mich., Nov. 14.—Col. Eli R. Sutton, former member of the state military board and regent of the State university, on Friday resumed his testimony for the people in the trial of ex-State Senator John Holbrook, on the charge of attempting to bribe a juror in Sutton's interest when the latter was on trial for complicity in the state military clothing frauds. Sutton's testimony bore out the statements made by Prosecuting Attorney Tuttle in his opening address, describing the means which Sutton used to place persons favorable to his interests on the jury that tried him, and the manner in which he kept posted on the doings of the grand jury that indicted him.

The witness said that Sheriff Porter called on him in Detroit before his trial and complained that he was poorly paid by the county and said he would be glad to do any special work Sutton might have in connection with his coming trial. After the trial commenced and the talesmen were ordered drawn, Sutton testified, Sheriff Porter offered to draw any six men that Sutton might name. After a conference with Holbrook, a list was prepared and given to the sheriff, who summoned those named and at least two of them sat on the jury.

During the trial, the witness said, Chief of Police Sanford assured him that he had been in the jury room and learned that at least one juror would vote for acquittal. Deputy Sheriff Loomis, one of the officers in charge of the Sutton jury, answered a summons to the jury room, after the jury had been deliberating on Sutton's case and told the witness that the jury had voted to acquit. This was 15 minutes before the jury came into court to announce its verdict. After his acquittal, Holbrook told the witness that he would have to have money to pay Loomis, Sanford and Detective Abels for their services.

VERY SEVERE STORM.

It Is Raging Over the Northwest—A Blizzard Follows Heavy Rainfall.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 12.—The whole Pacific coast from British Columbia and southern California and the states of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Wyoming, Utah and western Colorado were swept by a storm yesterday that has resulted in an almost total prostration of telegraph service over the territory, and in the mountains has all but tied up the railroads in a regular midwinter blockade.

For five days rain has been falling without cessation in the Puget sound country, which turned into snow yesterday, accompanied by wind which last night blew at the rate of 35 miles an hour. Heavy gales are reported along the entire Pacific coast, in California accompanied by torrential rains. So far, however, no marine disasters have been reported. In the gorges of the Cascade mountains snow is reported to be four feet deep on the level and is still falling, and railroad traffic is seriously impeded in consequence.

At Helena and Butte and over the ranges of central and eastern Montana the storm turned into a blinding blizzard with eight inches of snow at Helena, six inches at Butte with a high wind and rapidly dropping temperature. Southward in Wyoming, Nevada and Utah there has been little precipitation so far.

A Very Fatal Explosion.

Butler, Pa., Nov. 14.—Two Italians were instantly killed and another fatally hurt by the explosion of dynamite which they were boiling out yesterday. The men were part of a large force employed on the new Allegheny & Western railroad at Fairmont Station, three miles north of Chicora. Men 50 feet from the explosion were knocked down and houses were shaken in Chicora.

A New Counterfeit.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The secret service yesterday announced the discovery of a new counterfeit $20 national bank note on the Fourth national bank of Boston; check letter A; series 1892, Tillman register, Morgan treasurer. It is a poor photograph printed on two pieces of thin paper, with a few silk threads distributed between them. Yellow water color has been smeared over the seal, almost obliterating the design. The panel containing the charter number on back of note is black and brown, instead of green.

CANAL MUST BE DUG

Not by a Private Company but by Uncle Sam.

Recent Events Made It Necessary for President Roosevelt to Rewrite that Part of His Annual Message to Congress that Relates to the Isthmus.

Washington, Nov. 14.—For several weeks President Roosevelt has had in preparation his annual message to congress, to be presented at the opening of the regular session on the first Monday of December. That part of the message in which the president discussed the negotiations between the United States and the government of Colombia for an isthmian canal treaty was completed about two weeks ago. Events which have occurred on the isthmus and in this country since that time have made it necessary for the president to completely rewrite that part of the message touching the canal question.

In the opening sentence of his discussion of the negotiations with Colombia the president said: "I regret to report that contrary to all expectations the government of Colombia refused to ratify the treaty for building a canal across the isthmus of Panama."

Then after stating that the treaty had been negotiated at the earnest request of the government of Colombia and subsequently was disapproved by the Colombian senate, the president said that the powers exercised by the United States under the treaty of 1846 were so large in the protection of transit across the isthmus that it sometimes had been questioned whether it was necessary now to obtain a treaty for the purpose of building a canal.

Continuing he wrote: "High authorities on international law hold that the canal can be dug as an incident to exercising the power to prevent the obstruction of traffic across the isthmus. Nevertheless, in accordance with our settled policy of behaving with scrupulous fairness and generosity towards our weaker sister republics of the south, taking no position that can even by implication be treated as unfriendly, unless literally forced thereto, we have endeavored to provide for the building of the canal by treaty. In this treaty we went as far as possible in making concessions to the United States of Colombia. No further concessions can, or should, be made by this government."

The president then stated that the circumstances of the canal case were peculiar. The canal, said he, must be dug. It will be demanded by the interests of this nation and by those of the civilized world. The United States had solemnly pledged its word that it should be free to the commerce of the world, "reserving to ourselves merely the right to see that it shall never be used to our military disadvantage.

"A private company which in the past undertook to build the canal has failed. The events of the last few years warrant us in now saying not only that the canal shall not be constructed by any foreign government, but that it must not be constructed by any private company. It must, therefore, be dug by the government of the United States."

Referring further along to the territory bisected by the canal, the president wrote:

"On the one hand the United States desires to safeguard with scrupuluous care the interest and the honor of such country or countries. On the other hand, in my judgment, it is time to declare that the beginning of the canal cannot be much longer delayed. This nation does not desire to be unreasonable or impatient; but it cannot and will not permit any body of men permanently to obstruct one of the great world highways of traffic; and refusal to permit the building of the canal amounts to such obstruction. Of course to insist upon unreasonable terms is equivalent to a refusal."

Adverting to that phrase of the Spooner law which says that the president shall have reasonable time to determine as between the Panama and Nicaraguan routes, the president wrote: "Reasonable time in the case of such an enterprise as this, an enterprise which has been thought of for nearly four centuries, which has been planned in detail and worked at for half a century, and which when completed will endure for ages and will change the geography of a hemisphere and the trade routes of the world, must of course, mean whatever time is necessary to convince ourselves that the course we are following is wise and proper.

"It seems evident that in a matter such as this we should finally decide which is the best route; and if the advantages of this route over any other possible route are sufficiently marked we should then give notice that we can no longer submit to trifling or insincere dealing on the part of those whom the accident of position has placed in temporary control of the ground through which the route must pass; that if they will come to agreement with us in straightforward fashion we shall in return act not only with justice, but with generosity, and that if they fail to come to such agreement with us, we must forthwith take the matter into our own hands."

Arbitrators Adjourn.

The Hague, Nov. 14.—The Venezuelan arbitration tribunal adjourned Friday, sine die, the arguments having been concluded. The court will now consider its decision and will notify those interested of the date of its delivery.

Says They Were Martyrs.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 14.—In an interview last night Gov. Chatteron made public the result of his investigations during his recent trip to central Wyoming, in regard to the responsibility for the Indian outbreak. The governor states that there can be no question as to where the responsibility lies. The Indians were violating the laws of Wyoming, knowingly and willfully, and the murdered officers were martyrs to their duty. The governor declared that he would insist on a thorough trial, if for no other reason than to vindicate the dead officers.

Our Industrial Future

By OSCAR S. STRAUS.

THE value of trade unions in raising the standard of living and in guarding the interests of labor, in regulating the hours and conditions of work, are benefits which organization has unquestionably promoted. The great hope of our industrial future is, that the working classes whose powers for good and for evil have been so strengthened by organization, will be guided by enlightened principles, and abstain from seeking proximate benefits in contravention of undoubted economic experiences and at the cost of fundamental rights. To the extent they misuse their great power, of arbitrarily curtailing the rights of their fellow laborers or their employers, they array themselves against public sentiment, and from that day their power and their usefulness will decline. Even if labor organizations comprised the entire number of wage-workers in the country, this would give them no right either to override the personal liberty of those within or beyond their ranks, or to insist upon special privileges or immunities. They must rely upon the justness of their cause, and to the extent that force is used, the boycott or the bludgeon, in compelling others to unite with them, to that extent they negative their own claim to being a brotherhood organization, whose purpose is to elevate and benefit the wage-earning class. But as a matter of fact, while labor organizations are very strong in some industries, they include only about 15 per cent. of the wage earners of the country, and it must not be forgotten that organization, however powerful, can give no rights to curtail the personal liberty of the remaining 85 per cent. of the wage earners of the country.

While the greatly increased organization of both laborers and employers is a fact which must be taken into consideration in discussing the industrial future, it must not be overlooked that however powerful these great interests may grow, they can only embrace a fraction of the people in any country. The general public is greater and many times more numerous than these two powerful bodies combined, and upon it must fall the heaviest losses that grow out of industrial war. The general public is patient, long-suffering and enduring. Its only organization is the general government, municipal, state and national, for the protection of the public welfare. Public opinion demands that the great public service corporations not only shall perform their function, but also they shall not be obstructed in that performance, and it also demands that the great avenues of supply and distribution of the necessities of life shall not be arbitrarily cut off in order to test the relative strength and enduring powers of the contending forces.

Organized labor and organized capital are in a formative state. They are both new to heir acquired power. With time and experience a reaction in favor of conservatism will make itself felt, and in the meantime reconciliation will help rather than hinder a more reliable and permanent remedy.

Society That Is Not Society

By HENRY WATTERSON.

THE idle rich, the God-forgetting, world-defying, pleasure seeking rich, who set themselves as a law unto themselves, who submit to no restraints except those fixed by nature and the surgeon's knife, who have no intelligent perspective except that the longest purse brings down the biggest titles, no rule of conduct except that impelling them to eat, drink and be merry, for to-morrow it may be someone else's turn, do they constitute society? Has Calaban grace? Is Tom Thumb manhood? Must the monkey and the swell be accepted as interchangeable types, as alternating measurements of human breeding and beauty. Indeed, one would think so reading some of the reports that come to us from the inner circles of that apotheosis of boredom, that incarnation of stupidity and affectation, which takes its cue from Leicester Square and the Corinthian Club in London, which emulates the demi-mondaine of Paris, which eddies around the abode of luxury and alimony at Newport, and thinks no more of running down an ordinary pedestrian in its automobile than you and I would think of brushing away a spider or fly.

Lift up your hearts. I at least have never wasted many thoughts or nursed any serious fears about any such cattle, nor shall I do so until monkey dinners become as popular in Pennsylvania as they seem to be in Rhode Island.

I know that in each of our centers of population and wealth there is a little coterie of silly women and simpering Johnnies which would imitate the imitators, but they are too shallow and too scattered to make much headway against "society," and by "society" I mean not merely those who by their character, their genius and their good fortune have earned the right to dwell in great houses, without the suspicion of the ostentatious display of wealth, to have picture galleries and libraries and horses and carriages, and, if they please, yachts and automobiles, but behind them that great army of the well bred and well to do, that noble American commonalty, clean of birth and clear of grit, those cultivated men and women who live without scandal and travel without adventure, not rich, indeed, but quite able to pay as they go, the rose and expectancy of true manhood and womanhood, the buttress and belltower of our free republic.

The Basis of Labor Peace

By JOHN MITCHELL,
President of the Miners' Union.

There can be no doubt that the unions and those employers who favor trade agreements are doing their utmost to prevent the wastefulness of strikes. On the other hand, those employers who insist upon managing their own business and dealing individually with their employers are, because of their arbitrary methods, responsible for a majority of the strikes.

With the growth of a spirit of mutual concession, and with a better understanding of the needs and aspirations, the rights and obligations of both classes, the necessity and justification of a great majority of strikes will pass away. Then, and not until then, will the industries of our country be established upon a firm foundation of peace.

Until better and more humane methods are within our reach the labor unions, and even the unorganized workmen, will continue to employ the strike and employers the lock-out, as a means of securing the adjustment of grievances or the elimination of wrongs which they believe to be intolerable.

To my mind, the hope of future peace lies in the collective bargain or the trade agreement.

ISTHMIAN AFFAIRS

Our Warships Will Not Allow Colombian Troops to Land.

Provisional Government of Panama Ready to Negotiate a Canal Treaty with the United States—Colombians Cry "Death to the Americans."

Washington, Nov. 10.—Embarking of Colombian troops from Buena Ventura or any other Colombian port for the isthmus will not be permitted by the Washington government and American warships will be ordered to any port upon receipt of an intimation that Colombian troops will attempt to sail for the isthmus. The Washington government holds that this policy is in the interest of the general good.

Washington, Nov. 12.—The state department has received a cablegram from United States Minister Beaupre, at Bogota, dated November 9, in which the minister states that large crowds were parading the streets on the 8th inst., crying "Down with Marroquin!" There was a mass meeting denouncing the president and calling for a change of government.

Colon, Nov. 13.—The steamer Orinoco arrived here Thursday, bringing news of Gen. Torres and the Colombian troops he took from here after the proclamation of the republic of Panama.

On the arrival of Gen. Torres and his troops at Cartagena the news of events on the isthmus quickly spread and caused excitement. Torres and his officers were threatened with arrest as traitors, but the threat was not put into effect.

The excitement at Barranquilla increased with the spreading of the news of the secession of the isthmus, which was supplemented by exaggerated accounts of the alleged part played by the United States therein. Panama's declaration of independence was read from a newspaper by the prefect to a crowd assembled in the plaza and was greeted by furious outcries and snouts of "Death to the Panamanians" and "Death to the Americans."

Roosevelt Receives Panama's Envoy.

Washington, Nov. 14.—President Roosevelt yesterday formally received M. Phillipe Bunau-Varilla, the duly accredited envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of Panama to the United States. The reception of the minister marked the birth of the new republic of Panama into the family of nations and paves the way for negotiations between the United States and the infant republic.

An Army Marches Towards Panama.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, Nov. 14.—Gen. Plaza, president of Ecuador, has cabled to President Marroquin, of Colombia, sympathizing with him in the recent events on the isthmus of Panama. President Marroquin has replied thanking Gen. Plaza and adding that Gens. Reyes, Caballeros, Ozpina and Holguin are marching on Panama with a large army to subdue the isthmians.

RIOTING IN CHICAGO.

Street Car Employes' Strike Causes Much Lawlessness—Cars Wrecked and Non-Unionists Badly Beaten.

Chicago, Nov. 13.—Constant scenes of disorder over a district approximately 50 square miles in extent resulted Thursday from the inaugurations of a strike by the employes of one of the two principal surface street railway companies in Chicago. All along the lines wherever cars were started, strike sympathizers made desperate onslaughts on the crews, beginning at dawn of day and continuing as long as cars remained on the tracks.

A number of cars were wrecked and that no person was killed is no fault of the rioters. One man had his back broken and the first shot of the strike was fired at Wentworth avenue and West Sixty-ninth street, where a mob of several hundred persons tried to hold up a train.

Chicago, Nov. 14.—Twenty-five cars, run on the Wentworth avenue line, without damage to the cars or injury to the non-union employes operating them was what the Chicago City Railway Co. was able to accomplish Friday with the assistance of the police department.

While there was no active interference with the handling of the cars such as attained the attempts to run them on Thursday, the crowds that lined the streets jeered and hoted the police and the non-union men almost without intermission.

At nightfall the officials of the street car company were inclined to view the day's work as being successful and on the whole satisfactory. They announced that cars would be run today on the Wentworth avenue line at the same hours as Friday and that attempts would be made to operate other lines, which, however, were not specified.

Shortly after this decision was announced, the situation was complicated for the company by a sudden strike of the firemen employed in all six power houses owned by the company.

During the afternoon an effort was made to bring about a peaceable adjustment of the strike. The members of the state board of arbitration called on Manager McCulloch and on the latter's suggestion went into conference with E. R. Bliss, counsel for the company, with the hope of arranging a settlement or at least a conference between the strikers and the officials of the road. Nothing definite was accomplished at the conference.

Bryan Will Appeal.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 11.—It was announced yesterday that William J. Bryan had given his counsel power of attorney to perfect an appeal to the superior court from the decision of Judge Cleveland, of the probate court, declaring that the sealed letter referred to in the will of Philo S. Bennett and which provided for a gift of $50,000 to Mr. Bryan, was not a part of the will. At a hearing before the probate judge prior to this announcement, by agreement of counsel and Mr. Bryan as executor, the widow's allowance was fixed at $1,500 a year.

DUN'S WEEKLY STATEMENT.

The Prices of All Staples Have Fallen During the Past Fortnight.

New York, Nov. 14.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Readjustment of wages and abnormally warm weather are not calculated to stimulate distribution of merchandise, especially wearing apparel and fuel. Several other staple lines are quiet, as is usual at this season, yet the splendid profits of agricultural communities cannot fail to put large sums of money in circulation and provide a market for commodities. Prices of all staples were slightly higher on November 1 than a month previous, but in the past two weeks the level has fallen somewhat.

Settlements of labor disputes in meat packing, lithographing and several minor industries are offset by new struggles in the building trades, street car lines and coal mines, while the cut in wages of iron workers and spinners may result in strikes. A helpful event was the resumption of work at Montana copper mines, coke ovens and western stock yards. Railway earnings for the first week of November were 4.8 per cent. larger than last year.

Several significant events have occurred that indicate clearly the situation in the iron and steel industry. While furnace stocks are far in excess of all recent high points, there is some offset in the very small supplies held elsewhere, and now that quotations have fallen to a more attractive position, there is reason to look for some recovery in demand. After the first shock of new prices was over the markets became more active.

Failures this week numbered 283 in the United States, against 241 last year, and 27 in Canada, compared with 24 a year ago.

HEROIC SAILORS.

They Saved the Torpedo Boat Destroyer Lawrence to the Navy.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 13.—The heroism of Lieut. Curtin and several seamen on board the torpedo boat destroyer Lawrence saved that craft from destruction yesterday. A lighted candle left by a workman on a wooden box in the vessel's forward compartment caused a fire which burned much of the Lawrence's woodwork before it was extinguished by Lieut. Curtin and some seamen just before the flames reached the magazine in which a quantity of explosive was stored. In their battle against the flames Lieut. Curtin and his men were so overcome by the smoke that they lost consciousness after the fight was won and were hurried on board the cruiser Olympia for treatment. Their condition is not serious.

The fire occurred in a stuffy compartment directly adjoining the magazine and had gained considerable headway when it was discovered. The place was filled with a dense smoke that baffled the efforts of the crew and caused them to fall helpless to the steel floor. Time and again Lieut. Curtin dived into the fire chamber and emerged with the unconscious form of a seaman in his grasp. After a hurried resuscitation the seaman and his officer would return to the fight, only to again succumb to the smoke. Finally the flames were extinguished and then the lieutenant was missed. A sailor plunged into the compartment and a second later came out with the limp body of the officer in his arms. Five seamen, in a similar condition, were stretched out on the deck.

A Negro Shoots Two Policemen.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Charles Smith, an 18-year-old negro, last night went into a lunch room near the treasury department and at the point of a pistol compelled the clerk to give him the money in the cash drawer, $26 in all. He then left, but the clerk blew a police whistle and Officer D. W. Osborn gave chase. The negro turned on his pursuer and shot the officer in the thigh, causing a compound fracture. Policeman Edwards then took up the pursuit, whereupon the negro again fired, the bullet striking the policeman in the breast, but inflicting only a small bruise owing to the presence of a book in the officer's coat pocket. The negro was arrested.

Hanna Issues a Call.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Senator Hanna, chairman of the republican each member of the committee a letter calling them to meet at the Arlington Hotel, Washington, on Friday, December 11. The committee will meet on Friday for the purpose of appointing sub-committees and Saturday will hear the claims of cities aspiring to be selected as the place of holding the 1904 convention.

The Lockout Is On.

Pittsburg, Nov. 14.—Officials of the Builders' Exchange league announced Friday that the lockout of all the building trades in the city affiliated with the Building Trades Council would go into effect last night and will continue indefinitely unless all sympathetic strikes are called off. About 10,000 men will be affected.

Honored Citizen Killed.

New York, Nov. 14.—Andrew H. Green, the "Father of Greater New York" and one of the city's oldest and most remarkable citizens, was shot and instantly killed on the steps of his home on Park avenue Friday by Cornelius M. Williams, a negro, who is believed to be insane.

Conscience Contribution.

Washington, Nov. 14.—The secretary of the treasury yesterday received from an unknown person in Brooklyn, N. Y., a conscience contribution of $107.50.

Arrest of a Policy Shark.

New York, Nov. 14.—Agents of the Anti-Policy society have made what they say is the biggest capture since the raid on "Al" Adams, who is now serving a sentence in state's prison. The prisoner is known as John Jones. When the raiders broke in upon Jones they say he was in the act of footing up the profits for half a day's play in a string of 17 policy shops he is alleged to have conducted in various sections of the city. The figures gave a total of $297, all of which was profit execept $15. Pennies of the poor made up this sum, as the sheets showed no play exceeding ten cents.

Pennsylvania RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAIL ROAD DIVISION.
In effect May 24, 1903.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD

8 15 A. M.—Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 5.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 6.00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

12 25 P. M. (Emporium Junction) daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:32 p. m.; New York, 10:23 p. m.; Baltimore, 7:30 p. m.; Washington, 8:35, p. m. Vestibuled Parlor cars and passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

3 20 P. M.—daily for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 A. M., New York 7.13 A. M. Baltimore, 2:20 A. M. Washington, 3:30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

10 25 P. M.—Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 7.22 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.33 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 7.15 A. M., Washington 8.30 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie, Buffalo and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Buffalo, Williamsport to Washington. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

12:01 A. M. (Emporium Junction), daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and principal intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 7:22 a. m.; New York, 9:33 a. m., week days; (10:33 Sundays); Baltimore, 7:15 a. m.; Washington, 8:30 a. m. Vestibuled Buffet Sleeping Cars and Passenger coaches, Buffalo to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—daily for Erie, Ridgway, and week days for DuBois, Clermont and intermediate stations.

10 30 A. M.—Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 23 P. M.—Week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

RIDGWAY AND CLEARFIELD R. R. CONNECTIONS.
(Week days.)

SOUTHWARD.			Stations.	NORTHWARD		
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
.....	9 00	4 00	....Renovo....	.....	5 00	11 45
.....	9 50	4 38	...Driftwood...	.....	4 00	11 02
.....	10 25	5 10	Emporium Junc	.....	3 23	10 35
.....	11 13	5 53	....St. Marys....	.....	2 41	9 50
3 25	11 05	6 00	.....Kane.....	12 25	3 05	8 25
3 43	11 23	6 22	....Wilcox.....	12 05	2 45	8 04
3 56	11 38	6 36	..Johnsonburg..	9 55	2 33	7 49
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4 10	12 10	7 00	...Ridgway,....	9 30	2 15	7 30
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4 20	12 20	7 19	...Mill Haven...	9 20	2 04	7 20
4 30	12 30	7 21	... Croyland....	9 10	1 54	7 09
4 34	12 33	7 25	..Shorts Mills..	9 06	1 51	7 05
4 37	12 36	7 28	...Blue Rock...	9 02	1 47	7 01
4 41	12 40	7 33	.....Carrier.....	8 57	1 43	6 57
4 51	12 50	7 43	.Brockwayville.	8 49	1 33	6 47
4 54	12 54	7 47	...Lanes Mills..	8 44	1 28	6 43
.....	.....	7 51	..McMinns Sm't.	8 40	.....	6 38
5 02	1 03	7 54	..Harveys Run..	8 35	1 19	6 35
5 10	1 10	8 00	...Falls Creek...	8 30	1 15	6 30
5 25	1 25	8 13	....DuBois.....	8 20	1 05	6 10
5 12	1 15	8 05	..Falls Creek...	6 53	1 15	6 36
5 27	1 32	8 18	..Reynoldsville..	6 39	12 52	6 15
6 00	1 59	8 45	...Brookville...	6 05	12 24	5 36
6 45	2 38	9 30	New Bethlehem	.....	11 47	4 50
7 25	3 20	10 10	...Red Bank....	.....	11 10	4 05
9 45	5 30	12 35	....Pittsburg....	.....	9 00	1 36
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

BUFFALO & ALLEGHENY VALLEY DIVISION.

Leav Emporium Junction for Port Allegany, Olean, Arcade, East Aurora and Buffalo.

Train No. 107, daily,.....4:05 A. M.
Train No. 115, daily,.....4:15 P. M.

Trains leave Emporium for Keating, Port Allegany, Coudersport, Smethport, Eldred, Bradford, Olean and Buffalo, connecting at Buffalo for points East and West.

Train No. 101, week days,.....8:30 A. M.
Train No. 103, week days,.....1:40 P. M.

Train No. 103 will connect at Olean with Chautauqua Division for Allegany, Bradford, Salamanca Warren, Oil City and Pittsburg.

LOW GRADE DIVISION.

EASTBOUND.

Stations.	109	113	101	105	107	901
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M	A. M.
Pittsburg,..Lv.	.....	†6 15	†9 00	†130	*505	‡ 9 00
Red Bank,.....	.....	9 28	11 10	4 05	7 55	11 10
Lawsonham,..	.....	9 40	‡1122	4 18	8 07	11 23
New Bethle'm.	.....	10 13	11 47	4 50	8 37	11 55
Brookville,....	†6 05	11 32	12 24	5 39	9 22	12 41
Reynoldsville,.	6 39	11 32	12 52	6 15	9 50	1 14
Falls Creek....	6 53	11 48	1 13	6 30	1005	1 29
DuBois,.....	7 00	†11 55	1 25	6 40	1010	‡ 1 35
Sabula,.....	7 12	.....	1 37	6 52	1*	
Pennfield,.....	7 30	.....	1 55	7 10	Note.	
Bennezette,....	8 04	.....	2 29	7 44		
Driftwood,.....	†8 40	.....	†3 05	†820		
via P. & E. Div						
Driftwood.. Lv.	*9 50	.....	†3 45			
Emporium, Ar.	†10 30	.....	†4 10			
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M	P. M	P. M.

WESTBOUND.

Stations.	108	106	102	114	110	942
Via P. & E. Div	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Emporium, Lv.	.....	.....	†8 15	.....	†3 20	.....
Driftwood, Ar..	.....	.....	†9 00	.....	†4 00	.....
Via L. G. Div	.....			.....	‡	.....
Driftwood, Lv.	.....	†6 10	†1110	.....	†5 50	.....
Bennezette,....	.....	6 45	11 45	.....	6 26	.....
Pennfield,.....	.....	7 20	12 20	.....	7 00	.....
Sabula,.....	.....		12 39	.....	7 18	.....
DuBois.....	*6 10	8 00	12 55	†5 05	7 35	‡4 10
Falls Creek,....	6 17	8 05	1 15	5 12	7 42	4 17
Reynoldsville,..	6 31	8 18	1 29	5 27	7 58	4 30
Brookville,....	7 05	8 45	1 59	6 00	†8 30	5 00
New Bethle'm.	7 51	9 30	2 38	6 45	.....	5 45
Lawsonham,...	8 21	9 57	†3 06	7 14	.....	6 15
Red Bank,Ar..	8 35	10 10	3 20	7 25	.....	6 30
Pittsburg, Ar...	*11 15	†1235	†5 30	†9 45	.....	†9 30
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

Note—Train 107 on Sundays will make all stop between Red Bank and DuBois.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only ‖Flag Stop.

For Time Tables and further information, apply to Ticket Agent.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. GEO. W. BOYD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.	10	8	4	6	2
	P. M.	.....	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Port Allegany,.. Lv.	3 15	.....	7 05	.....	11 36
Coleman,.....	*3 23	.....	∞	.....	*11 41
Burtville,.....	*3 30	.....	7 16	.....	11 47
Roulette,.....	3 40	.....	7 25	.....	11 55
Knowlton's,.....	*3 45	.....	∞	.....	*11 59
Mina,.....	3 59	.....	7 33	.....	12 05
Olmsted,.....	*4 05	.....	*7 38	.....	*12 09
Hammonds,.....	∞	.....	∞	.....	*12 13
Coudersport. Ar.	4 20	A. M.	7 45	.....	12 15
Coudersport. Lv.		6 10		3 00	1 00
North Coudersport,	.....	*6 15	.....	∞	*1 05
Frink's,.....	.....	6 25	.....	*6 10	*1 12
Colesburg,.....	.....	*6 40	.....	*6 17	1 20
Seven Bridges,.....	.....	*6 45	.....	*6 21	*1 24
Raymonds's,.....	.....	*7 00	.....	*6 30	1 35
Gold,.....	.....	7 05	.....	6 36	1 41
Newfield,.....	.....	∞	.....		1 45
Newfield Junction,..	.....	7 37	.....	6 45	1 50
Perkins,.....	.....	*7 40	.....	*6 48	*1 53
Carpenter's,.....	.....	7 46	.....	∞	*1 57
Crowell's,.....	.....	7 50	.....	*6 53	*2 01
Ulysses,..... Ar.	.....	8 05	.....	7 05	2 10
	.....	A. M.	.....		P. M.

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	1	5	3	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....
Ulysses,.....Lv.	7 20	2 25	9 10	.....
Crowell's,.....	*7 27	*2 32	* 9 19	.....
Carpenter's,.....	∞	*2 34	* 9 22	.....
Perkins,.....	*7 32	*2 37	* 9 26	.....
Newfield Junction,.....	7 37	2 42	9 32	.....
Newfield,.....	*7 41	2 46	∞	.....
Gold,.....	7 44	2 49	9 40	.....
Raymond's.....	*7 49	2 54	* 9 47	.....
Seven Bridges,.....	*8 01	*3 03	*10 02	.....
Colesburg,.....	*8 04	3 09	*10 10	.....
Frink's,.....	*8 12	*3 17	*10 20	.....
North Coudersport,.....	∞	*3 26	*10 35	.....
Coudersport,..... Ar.	8 25	3 30	10 45	.....
Coudersport,..... Lv.	8 28	6 00	P. M. 1 20	.....
	∞	∞	∞	.....
Hammonds,.....	*8 33	*6 05	*1 31	.....
Olmsted,.....	8 37	6 10	1 37	.....
Mina,.....	∞	*6 17	∞	.....
Knowlton's,.....	8 47	6 21	1 51	.....
Roulette,.....	8 54	6 28	2 01	.....
Burtville,.....	∞	*6 34	∞	.....
Coleman,.....	9 08	6 40	2 25	.....
Port Allegany,.....				

(*) Flag stations. (∞) Trains do not stop
(†) Telegraph offices Train Nos. 3 and 10

carry passengers. Tains 8 and 10 do.

Trains run on Eastern Standard Time.

Connections—At Ulysses with Fall Brook R'y for points north and south. At B. & S. Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. north for Wellsville, south for Galeton and Ansonia. At Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE Gen'l Supt.
Coudersport, Pa.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA R. R.

Time Table taking Effect June 23, 1902.

Buffalo and Susquehanna Railroad and Connections.

"The Grand Scenic Route."

READ DOWN.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	.....
Lv K'ting Smt...		12 40	7 30	9 10	.....
.....Austin.....	6 35	1 05	8 00	9 50	.....
....Costello....	6 44	1 14	.....		.....
....Wharton....	6 56	1 26	.....	3 10	.....
Cross Fork Jct.	7 39	2 09	.....	4 23	.....
....Corbett....	8 06	2 36	.....	5 15	.....
Germania,.....		2 47	.....	5 15	.....
Ar. { Galeton,.	.....	.....	.....	5 23	.....
Lv. {	8 23	2 53	.....	5 35	.....
....Gaines Jct.	8 36	3 06	.....	.....	.....
...Westfield....	9 13	3 43	.....	.....	.....
...Knoxville....	9 26	3 56	.....	.....	.....
....Osceola....	9 36	4 06	.....	.....	.....
....Elkland....	9 41	4 11	.....	.....	.....
Ar..Addison....	10 13	4 43	.....	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	.....	.....	.....

READ UP.

	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	.....	P. M.
ar. K't'ng Smt...	8 45	7 10	.....	12 25	.....	8 45
.... Austin,....	8 00	6 43	.....	11 58	.....	8 15
....Costello,....	.....	6 34	.....	11 49	.....	8 06
...Wharton,....		6 24	8 04	11 39	.....	8 26
Cross Fork J'ct,	.....	5 40	7 25	10 58	.....	7 46
....Corbett,....	.....	5 15	6 44	10 34	.....	7 15
....Germania,....	.....	5 07	6 31	10 26	.....	7 07
dp. Galeton.....	P. M.	5 00	6 25	.....	.....	.....
ar, "	7 09	.....	1 00	10 20	.....	7 00
....Gaines, ...	6 47	.....	12 47	10 00	.....	6 47
...Westfield, ...	6 11	.....	12 11	8 16	.....	6 11
...Knoxville	5 55	.....	11 55	8 00	.....	5 55
....Osceola,....	5 46	.....	11 46	7 51	.....	5 46
....Elkland,....	5 41	.....	11 41	7 46	.....	5 41
Lv Addison,....	5 10	.....	11 10	7 15	.....	5 10
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	.....	P. M.

Read down. Read up.

P. M.	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	.....
	9 21	7 00	lv..Ansonia..ar	9 40	9 20	.....
	9 11		..Manhatten..	9 54	8 35	.....
	9 07		.South Gaines..	9 57	8 39	.....
P. M.	8 59	6 37	..Gaines Junc..	9 59	8 42	.....
.....	8 45	6 25	ar { Galeton { lv		8 55	.....
	6 30	1 05	lv {	ar	10 10	4 45	.....
.....	6 47	1 24	....Walton.....		9 51	4 39	.....
.....	7 13	1 50	.Newfield Jct...		9 27	4 15	.....
.....	7 39	2 06	West Bingham,.		9 09	3 58	.....
.....	7 41	2 18	.... Genesee....		8 58	3 48	.....
.....	7 48	2 24	.... Shongo		8 53	3 43	.....
.....	8 06	2 46	dp Wellsville ar		8 30	3 20	.....

STATIONS.

P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	ar dp	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
3 05	2 00	7 15	Cross F'k Junc.	11 00	8 35	3 00
3 55	1 00	6 25	ar Cross Fork dp	11 50	5 45	2 10

P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
8 58	1 00	Lv Sinnamahoning, Ar	1 40	165
6 15	1 40	ar.....Wharton.....lv	3 00	9 55

All trains run daily except Sunday.
Sundays only.

CONNECTIONS.

At Keating Summit with P. R. R. Buf. Div. for all points north and south.

At Ansonia with N.Y.C.& H R. R. for all points north and south.

At Newfield Junction with C. & P. A. R. R. west for Coudersport, east for Ulysses.

At Genesee for points on the New York & Pennsylvania R. R.

At Addison with Erie R. R., for points east and west.

At Wellsville with Erie R. R. for points east and west.

At Sinnamahoning with P. R. R.—P. & E. Div.

H. H. GARDINER, Gen'l Pass'r Agt. Buffalo, N.Y
W. C. PARK, Gen'l Supt. Galeton, Pa.
M. J. McMAHON, Div. Pass Ag't., Galeton, Pa.

Business Cards.

B. W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Emporium, Pa.
A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. MCNARNEY
JOHNSON & MCNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent,
35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

THOMAS WADDINGTON,
Emporium, Pa.,
CONTRACTOR FOR MASONRY AND STONE-CUTTING.
All orders in my line promptly executed. All kinds of building and cut-stone, supplied at low prices. Agent for marble or granite monuments. Lettering neatly done.

AMERICAN HOUSE
East Emporium, Pa.,
JOHN L. JOHNSON, Prop'r.
Having resumed proprietorship of this old and well established House I invite the patronage of the public. House newly furnished and thoroughly renovated. 48ly

F. D. LEET.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW and INSURANCE AG'T.
EMPORIUM, PA
TO LAND OWNERS AND OTHERS IN CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.
I have numerous calls for hemlock and hardwood timber lands, also stumpage &c., and parties desiring either to buy or sell will do well to call on me. F. D. LEET.

CITY HOTEL,
WM. MCGEE, PROPRIETOR
Emporium, Pa.
Having again taken possession of this old and popular house I solicit a share of the public patronage. The house is newly furnished and is one of the best appointed hotels in Cameron county. 30-1y.

THE NOVELTY RESTAURANT,
(Opposite Post Office,)
Emporium, Pa.
WILLIAM MCDONALD, Proprietor.
I take pleasure in informing the public that I have purchased the old and popular Novelty Restaurant, located on Fourth street. It will be my endeavor to serve the public in a manner that shall meet with their approbation. Give me a call. Meals and luncheon served at all hours. no27-1yr Wm. McDONALD.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
THOS. J. LYSETT, PROPRIETOR
Near Buffalo Depot, Emporium, Pa.
This new and commodious hotel is now opened for the accommodation of the public. New in all its appointments, every attention will be paid to the guests patronizing this hotel. 27-17-1y

MAY GOULD,
TEACHER OF
PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY,
Also dealer in all the Popular Sheet Music,
Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

F. C. RIECK, D. D. S.,
DENTIST,
Office over Taggart's Drug Store, Emporium, Pa.
Gas and other local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth.
SPECIALTY:—Preservation of natural teeth, including Crown and Bridge Work.

Cameron County Press.
ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid is advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are ow and uniform, and will be furnished on application

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.

EDITORIAL MENTION.

Chamberlain is likely to deal a death blow to Free Trade in England.

Tom Johnson can now meditate on the folly of counting votes by the number who come to the free circus.

With the aid of Tammany and race prejudice the democrats succeeded in carrying New York City and Maryland.

No doubt Johnson is very grateful for Bryan's moral support in Ohio. And so ought to be Senator Hanna.

In the last election, the Socialist vote in Massachusetts, their "banner state", fell from 32,629 last year to about 25,000.

Gorman is after the democratic nomination next year, but if he gets it, he will be wise enough not to resign his seat in the senate until he knows the result of the election.

There is much talk of General Nelson A. Miles, as McCellan's choice for head of the New York Police. Would the General consent to taking a position similar to that formerly held by Devery?

In the National House of Representatives there are 236 lawyers, 63 business men and 17 farmers, in the Senate there ars 61 lawyers, 19 business men and 3 farmers. There are only 21 foreign born legislators in both houses.

Two hundred sailors from the Navy were recently served refreshments in the State dining room at the White House. There were five negroes among them. Had Gorman been President, he would have requested these negro seamen to eat in the kitchen.

The democratic attitude on the negro question is, first, the negro is so inferior to the white man that he should not have the right to vote; and second, the negro is making such progress that the whites are threatened with negro domination. In this connection it is interesting to know that while forty years ago, no negro in the South owned a foot of ground, there are now 130,000 farms valued at $350,000,000 and owned by negroes; besidee this, 150,000 homes, valued at $265,000,000 and personal property worth about $165,000,000. After the War not one per cent of the adult negroes could read or write, to-day forty per cent can do so. Fifty per cent of the children are attending school and more could do so, if there were facilities. There are 800 colored physicians, 300 lawyers and 30,000 school teachers. The colored people own and publish 450 newspapers and magazines. In view of the handicap under which they started and the limited opportunities they have had, it seems that their progress has been quite in keeping with that of the great Nation to which they belong. Those who are not jealous of their prosperity and do not fear their competition, congratulate them on what they have accomplished. What arrant folly to spend millions in missionary work upon the negroes of Africa and yet try to repress their progress and prosperity at home.

A Thanksgiving Sleigh Ride

By WILLIAM WALTERS

[Copyright, 1903, by C. B. Etherington.]

"COME to us at Thanksgiving," wrote my mother. "We're going to have with us a lovely girl, who will take the woman hating out of you. Now, don't fail us."

There was a very good reason for my woman hating, a reason of flesh and blood. Anita had listened to my soft words till I made them a formal declaration, then, with one of those sudden feminine revulsions, cast me off. Had a man treated me so shabbily I should have looked upon him forever afterward with sovereign contempt. As for Anita, I simply said, "What can be expected from one of her sex?"

However, there was one woman of whom I made an exception—my mother. I wrote her that I would certainly be at home for Thanksgiving, but I preferred that the "lovely girl" be dispensed with.

That year the cold came on early. At any rate, during the week preceding Thanksgiving we had a snowstorm,

"IT WILL BE PNEUMONIA."

followed by cold worthy of midwinter. I had concluded to take my horse and cutter home for sleighing and to drive there myself. When I started the weather was quite mild, and I feared for the melting of the snow. But suddenly the wind veered into the north, and the mercury fell to a point considerably below zero. I passed through a small village, and my mother had written me to be sure to stop there and see my aunt. I was very glad to do so, as it gave me a chance to warm up.

"John," said my aunt, "there is a lady waiting for a conveyance to town. Could you take her in your cutter?"

I protested that any woman would freeze to death in such exposure, indeed invented every excuse for refusing, but my aunt told me that the lady hated men as badly as I hated women and would not on any account talk with me on the way, not even about the weather. I reluctantly consented and went out to arrange the robes. In a few minutes my aunt brought out the lady, whom she introduced to me as Mrs. Budlong. She was so well protected against the cold that I could neither see her figure nor her face. I made one or two remarks, to which she gave monosyllabic replies, excusing herself from talking on account of a cold and a husky voice. The truth is I had a terrible cold myself and should have been by a warm fire instead of facing a blast which had in it the frost of the pole.

We soon struck a drift so deep that I was obliged to get out and lead the horse over it. We came to several of these drifts, and so great was my exertion that after passing each of them I was in a profuse perspiration. Then I would get back into the sleigh and sit with the cold wind driving right through me.

Finally there swept over me from head to foot a sudden, terrible, wrenching chill.

"What is it?" asked Mrs. Budlong anxiously.

"It will be pneumonia."

Without a word she thrust me down into the bottom of the sleigh and buried me under the robes. I was too ill to protest, though I realized that the woman was left to the mercy of the wind. With her feet on my prostrate body she drove on, now and again leaving the sleigh to lead the horse over drifts, enduring the successive changes that I had endured, yet without the protection I had had. But at this part of the road there were no houses, and she was obliged to press on. From a passing wagon Mrs. Budlong obtained a bottle of whisky, which at intervals she poured down my throat. I soon drank enough to make a rum cask reel, but the stuff had no other effect on me than to lessen the frequency and the violence of the chills. After awhile, whether from illness, cold, exhaustion or the effect of the whisky, I fell into what was either coma or sleep. I don't to this day know which. I had occasional realization of bumps, but was not conscious of anything else. Finally I was oblivious to everything.

The next thing I knew I was in bed at home, and my mother was looking at me anxiously, though the moment I opened my eyes an expression of relief came to her. My first thought was for the woman who when I was last conscious had been driving me.

"Mrs. Budlong?" I asked. "What has become of her?"

"She's in bed in another room recovering from the cold and exhaustion. She will come out all right."

"Did she get me all the way home herself?"

"Every bit of it."

"She's a trump. How fortunate that you wrote to me to stop at Aunt Em's! How would I ever have got on without Mrs. Budlong? I should have perished."

"It was fortunate, my son, and now I'm going to make a confession that I didn't intend to make till we were all at the table for our Thanksgiving dinner. Mrs. Budlong is not Mrs. Budlong, but the 'lovely girl' I wrote you about. She made your aunt a visit, and I thought it would be nice for you to drive her over and get acquainted before meeting her here."

"Mother," I said after some thought, "since the 'lovely girl' has saved my life I forgive you. However, I may as well confess to you now that I have had an affair of the heart which I have never confided to you in which I was treated abominably, and I don't want any more of them. I dare say this—Mrs. Budlong has drawn you into deception, for it is not like you at all."

Mother turned away and gave me a spoonful of something from a glass; then, telling me to keep quiet that I might be ready for the dinner of tomorrow, she left me. The doctor called soon after and pronounced me quite recovered. By good fortune I had been saved from pneumonia.

The next morning I spent in the library before a cheerful blaze. I asked mother to send in her "lovely girl," that I might ask her some questions about that terrible drive. But mother said she had gone out and I must "possess my soul in patience" till I should see her at dinner. I gave a grunt of dissatisfaction that any patience was required and, looking up, saw mother smiling at me as she went out of the room.

Well, in due time dinner was announced. I entered from the library. I was surprised to see no one in the room. Presently the door from the hall opened, and in stepped a girl. Great heavens! Who should she be but—

"Anita!"

"No. Mrs. Budlong."

"What does this mean?"

"It means, John, that when you asked me to be your wife it suddenly occurred to me that I had been encouraging you, not knowing anything of your family, and was about to take a step that I might be sorry for. This, I confess, demoralized me. Later I came

"WOMAN HATER!" SHE EXCLAIMED.

here, made your mother's acquaintance, fell in love with her and confessed all. You know the rest."

In another moment we were surprised by my mother in each other's arms.

"Woman hater!" she exclaimed.

"Mother," I said, "I despise all women except you."

"And Anita," she added.

"No. Mrs. Budlong."

Hints to the Carver.

It is not wise to ask your guests what portion of the bird they prefer. Six or eight might choose a leg, and thus you have made some bitter enemies for life.

Many people make the mistake of carving the breast of the turkey first. Always leave this until the last and thus get a good portion of it for yourself.

Do not fail to send the cook the choicest portions of the bird at the earliest possible moment. Some cooks do not mind waiting five or ten minutes for their Thanksgiving dinner, but it is well to take no chances.

THE MI-O-NA TREATMENT.

Flesh-Forming Food in Tablet Form That Increases Flesh—Guaranteed by L. Taggart.

The discovery of Mi-o-na, the remarkable flesh-forming foods that builds up good, healthy, solid flesh and makes thinnese and scraweiness a thing of the past, has revolutionized medical practice in certain lines.

Its power to do all that is claimed for it was so clearly proven to L. Taggart that he has sold Mi-o-na with the understanding that if it fails the purchase price was to be refunded.

L. Taggart certainly exhibited courage in taking up this method of selling Mi-o-na, but the results have fully proven his judgment that the Mi-o-na treatment for stomach troubles, emaciation, general weakness and run down condition is the only efficacious and reliable cure.

Mi-o-na possesses healing and soothing qualties that make it especially valuable in cases of chronic indigestion and dyspepsia. Two or three tablets taken each day in connection with the regular food prove it a true flesh former.

All that many a woman lacks to be positively pretty is a little more flesh on her face. To look haggard or not fat is never becoming. The use of Mi-o-na will cure this defect.

With every 50c box of Mi-o-na that L. Taggart sells, he will give a written promise to refund the money if it does not give an increase in flesh and resto e strength. What a trifling cost this isrif it makes you well; if it fails, the expense is absolutely nothing.

A Scientific Discovery.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure does for the stomach that which it is unable to do for itself, even when but slightly disordered or over-loaded. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure supplies the natural juices of digestion and does the work of the stomach, relaxing the nervous tension, while the inflamed muscles of that organ are allowed to rest and heal. Kodol Dyspepsia Cures, digests what you eat and enables the stomach and digestive organs to transform all food into rich, red blood. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

Climate Cures.

The influence of climate conditions in the cure of consumption is very much overdrawn. The poor patient, and the rich patient, too, can do much better at home by proper attention to food digestion, and a regular use of German Syrup. Free expectorarion in the morning is made certain by German Syrup, so is a good night's rest and the absence of that weakening cough and debilitating nightsweat. Restless nights and the exhaustion due to coughing, the greatest danger and dread of the consumptive, can be prevented of stopped by taking German Syrup liberally and regularly. Should you be able to go to a warmer clime, you will find that of the thousahds of consumptives there, the few who are benefited and regain strength are those who use German Syrup. Trial bottles, 25c; regular size 75c, at L. Taggart's.

39-ly-2.

Reduced Rates to Chattanooga, Tenn.

For the benefit of those desiring to attend the unveiling of the Pennsylvania monuments at Chattanooga, Tenn., and on the Battlefield of Shiloh, Tenn., November 9 and 12, respectively the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round trip tickets to Chattanooga, Tenn.. and for Shiloh Battlefield to Cornith, Miss., or Johnsonville, Tenn., November 4 to 12, good to return until November 21, inclusive, from all statious on its lines in in the State of Pennsylvania, at ssngle fare for the round trip. 2982-37-It

A Winter in California

The idea that it requires a small fortune to spend the winter in California is abandoned by those who know how comfortable and inexpensive the trip across the continent is to-day. A double berth in tourist sleeping car Chicago to California costs only $6. A ticket via the Chicago, Mllwaukee & St. Paul and Union Pacific line Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles, or to any one of many other important California points, costs only $33 This rate will be in effect until November 30. It is advisable therefore to write to-day for complete information.

John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Room D, Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa.

29-2t.

Famous Trains of America.

Among the leaders are The Overland Limited, Chicago to San Francisco, and The Pioneer Limited, Chicago to St. Paul. Both trains run via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. If you are contemplating a western trip you should see that one, or both, of these famous trains is included in your itinerary. Rates and descriptive booklets on request.

John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Room D. Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa. 39-2t.

The Eureka Mfg. Co., of East St Louis, Ill., want a man with rig to introduce Poultry Mixture in this county. They guarantee $3.50 a day to a good worker and they furnish bank reference of their reliability. Send stamp for particulars. Eureka Mfg. Co., Box 99, East St. Louis, Ill. 46-1-ly.

Warranted Clothing.

To fully appreciate the value of

JASPER HARRIS'
UNION MADE CLOTHING,

you must wear them. This done the clothes buying question will be settled for you. Clothes for service are the only kind we sell. We promise you absolute satisfaction or your money back.

MEN'S SACK SUITS
Double or single breasted snits, Scotch Cheviots or fine Worsteds,
$10, $12, $16.

MEN'S OVERCOATS
For winter. We have the kind you are looking for in style and wear.

CHILDREN'S SUITS and OVERCOATS.
The most stylish and dressy garments for little folks.
Prices range from
$1.50 to $5,50.

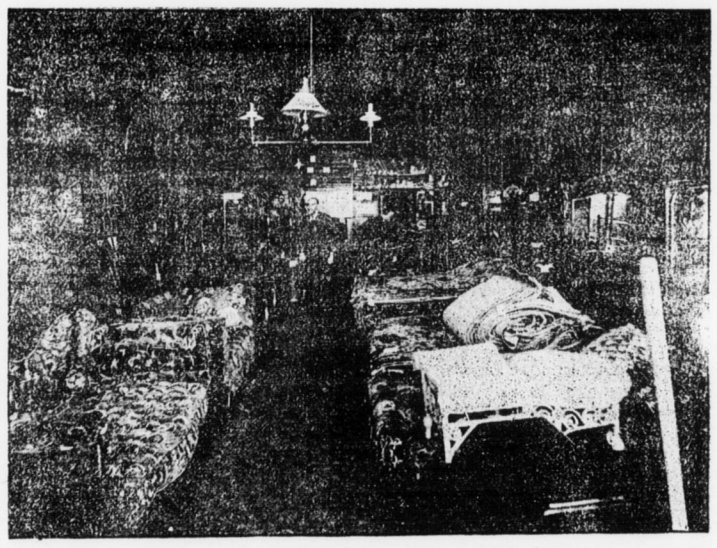
MEN'S and BOYS' SHOES
Union Made.

Men's fine union made Hats. Also a big line of Men's Dress Shirts.

Jasper Harris,

The People's Clothier.

This is the House,



At which to purchase your

Furniture

of all kinds at the very lowest prices.

CARPETS, all new and up-to-date. The largest line you ever saw in town.

RUGS, both large and small. Carpet samples for rugs—all grades.

LACE CURTAINS, a large line, from the cheapest to the best.

WINDOW SHADES, all kinds.

GO-CARTS, until the babies cannot rest without one.

No trouble to show goods. Glad to have you call, whether you purchase or not.

Yours respectfully,

GEO. J. LaBAR.

BUSINESS EDUCATION brings quick returns; 52 of last year's students now filling good positions. Chances are much better here; we limit the number, have fewer to provide for; give individual instruction, etc. 3000 REFERENCES, but no "solicitors." School run strictly on its merits. ESTBROOK ACADEMY, Olean, N. Y.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Sept. 23, 1903.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 25
Felt's Fancy, "	1 40
Pet Grove, "	1 40
Graham, "	65
Rye "	65
Buckwheat, "	75
Patent Meal, "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 35
Chop Feed, "	1 35
Middlings, Fancy "	1 50
Bran,	1 20
Corn, per bushel,	75
White Oats, per bushel,	50
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.

Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

All I Ask.

Give me a name, not great, not bad;
Give me a smile sincere and glad,
A manner frank and free from care,
A large amount of savoir-faire,
And all the beauty in the town
I'll envy not!
Give me a heart that's always true;
Give me the will to see and do,
A spirit that can cause no pain,
A helpful word, a thoughtful brain,
And all the riches in the world
I'd covet not!
Give me the strength to say, "I will!"
Give me a love my life to fill,
Some little child to smile upon
Who'll do what good I've left undone,
And with the proudest in the land
I'd not exchange!
Give me the soul to feel ashamed
If for my fault another's blamed;
Let me for justice take a stand,
In friendship clasp my neighbor's hand;
Then at the closing of life's dream,
I'll gladly die!
Give me a thought when I am dead,
And sometimes say the words I've said;
A flower place upon my breast:
Forgive my faults, and all the rest,
And speak of me with charity!
'Tis all I ask!
—*Fay Templeton.*

Hon. L. Taggart is again able to be at his store, attending to busines.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Douglas came over from Olean to attend the funeral of Harry Thomas.

Mrs. J. H. Swain, of Keating Summit, has been visiting in town for several days.

Mrs. Franklin Housler was taken worse yesterday and is in a very precarious condition.

Chas. and Geo. Howard took in the Yale-Princeton foot ball game at New Haven, last Saturday.

Rev. J. M. Robertson, Rector of Emmanuel Church is in Erie attending Convocation Services.

Dr. R. P. Heilman spent last Thursday at Ridgway, attending a meeting of Elk-Cameron Medical Society.

The many friends of Mrs. John Kohler will be sorry to hear that she has been quite sick at her home on Walnut street.

A little lady made its appearance at the home of John Shade on the Portage last evening, to remain permanently.

Frank B. Hoag, of Sterling Run, who is located at DuBois, where he has charge of the Stock Exchange, don't forget the PRESS.

Mrs. William Robinson, of west ward, was a pleasant PRESS visitor this morning and pushed the date on her PRESS up to 1905.

W. L. Thomas and Fred Tompkins have returned from visiting Philadelphia and Chester county, being delighted with their trip.

Mrs. Josiah Howard and two children, accompanied by Miss Jeanie Halderman, are spending a few days at the Strand, Atlantic City.

U. A. Palmer, who has been located at Bradford, for several months, has returned to Emporium, having resigned his position at that place.

Miss Delia St. Clair, of Renovo, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. Lynch in town for several weeks, returned to her home on Wednesday.

C. R. Husted, the East Fourth street merchant, was a PRESS visitor yesterday and like all good citizens desired to be square with the printer. Mr. H. is attending strictly to business and is, we are pleased to learn, receiving his share of trade.

Capt. Geo. B Barclay, of Sinnamahoning, while transacting business in Emporium on Monday passed a very pleasant half hour, at least to ye editor, in the PRESS sanctum. Mr. Barclay is regaining his health, which will be pleasant news to his many friends.

Three of Emporium's capitalists, bondholders and all-round wide-awake business men, Geo. J. LaBar, A. C. Blum and D. W. Webster, entertained ye editor with Zem Zem and Lu Lu yarns yesterday afternoon.

Fremont Mott and family returned last week from visiting relatives in Bradford county, his former home. He called at the PRESS office this morning and made sure of receiving his paper by depositing the long green

John Trebeswether, one of R. Seger & Co.'s reliable taslors, with his usual punctuality, remembers the printer and pushes the date on his paper ahead another year.

Mrs. Henry Auchu returned last evening from attending the funeral of Mr. John Hill's wife at Williamsport. Mr. Hill formerly worked in Emporium. His wife leaves four children.

Roy Brady, the little colored lad, left motherless last week, writes the PRESS from Jersey Shore, to thank his friends for their kindness during his sad affliction.

Miss Mary Welsh and Miss Anna Cleary, two of Shippen township's most popular teachers were PRESS business callers on Saturday evening.

Dr. Wilcox Will Preach.

The Rev. Thos. S. Wilcox, D. D., Presiding Elder of Willlamsport District will preach in the First Methodist Episcopal Church next Sunday evening, at 7 o'clock and hold the Third Quarterly Conference Monday evening, Nov. 23, at 8 o'clock.

Married.

Mr. Edward Uber and Miss Ella Belden, both of Shippen township were united in marriage by M. M. Larrabee on Wednesday, Nov. 12th.

Mr. Warren Jackson Mead and Miss Lena Belle Summerson, both of Sinnamahoning, were married on Monday, Mr. Larrabee tieing the knot.

Obituary.

On Monday at four o'clock, the remains of John Richey, of Keating Summit, was brought to Cameron, where he was burried, in a private cemetery.

Mr. Richey was well and working on Thursday, last, and on Friday evening complained of feeling badly, and at 5:20 he died.

Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Oyler, at Keating Summit, in the M. E. Church, and Rev. R. J. Knox, of Emporium, Pa., accompanied the remains to Cameron. The deceased was aged 54 years, 11 months and 17 days.

Desirable House for Rent.

The newly constructed twenty-one room house, located on Sixth street, Emporium, Pa., suitable for hotel or boarding House, is elegantly constructed and is supplied with gas, steam and two bath rooms, as well as all other modern conveniences.

CLIMAX POWDER M'F'G CO.,
33-tf. Emporium, Pa.

Real Estate for Sale.

The Board of Trustees of the Presbyterian Church will sell the old church site and parsonage property at a bargain. Apply to I. K. HOCKLEY, Chairman of the Board or J. H. DAY, Secretary. 37tf

Warning.

All persons are hereby forbidden from trespassing upon the property of this Company without a permit from this office, or the Superintendant at the works.

KEYSTONE POWDER MFG. CO.
Emporium, Pa., August 1st, 1903.
24-tf.

A Runaway Bicycle.

Terminated with an ugly cut on the leg of J. B. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. It developed a stubborn ulcer unyielding to doctors and remedies for four years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured. It's just as good for Burns, Scalds, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25c, at L. Taggart's Drug Store.

Subscribe for the PRESS; only $1.50 a year in advance.

A Late Repentance.

"Madam," said the leader of the brigands, "we'll have to hold you until your husband ransoms you."

"Alas!" replied the woman. "I wish I'd treated him a little better!"—New Yorker.

The Idea!

She—Am I the first woman you ever loved?

He—Yes. Am I the first man who ever loved you?

She (tempestuously)—You are insulting!

Every Night.

Teacher—What comes after "t," Ruth?

Ruth—The fellow what's goin' to marry my sister Jane, ma'am.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is Pleasant to Take.

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. Mr. W. L. Roderick, of Poolesville, Md., in speaking of this remedy, says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with my children for several months and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect. For sale by L. Taggart.

JUST WHAT YOU NEED.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets

When you feel dull after eating.
When you have on appetite.
When you have a bad taste in the mouth.
When your liver is torpid.
When your bowels are constipated.
When you have a headache.
When you feel bilious.

They will improve your appetite, cleause and invigorate your stomach, and regulate your liver and bowels. Price 25c per box. For sale by Jno. E. Smith, Sterling Run.

Bargain in Books.

A complete set of Brittanica Encyclopaedia, consisting of thirty volumes and key Are all new and in orizinal packages. Will be sold at a bargain, Apply at PRESS office. 36tf

Captain Bartlett's Three Cheers.

A series of Revolutionary scenes were given in a London theater some months after the close of that memorable war. On the one side was the English army in full red coated uniform, with every button in its exact place. Opposite them was the American army, composed, as the theater bill stated, of "artisans, cobblers and tinkers," arrayed in their working dress, with buttons of every size and hue.

When the curtain dropped, Captain Bartlett of Plymouth, Mass., the captain of a ship then in port, stood up in his seat in the pit and in a voice as if given from a quarter deck in a squall called, "Three cheers for the artisans, cobblers and tinkers who were too much for King George and his redcoats," and with a wave of his hat he gave these with a will. For a short time there was silence in the theater, followed by an enthusiastic, John Bull, appreciative cheer for the pluck and assurance of the Yankee captain, who became the lion of the city, receiving invitations to clubs and free tickets to theatrical and other entertainments while he remained in port.—Boston Transcript.

A Legend of Nantucket.

About Vineyard sound there are numerous legends of a famous Indian giant. It is said that the rocks at Seaconnet are the remains of his wife, whom he threw into the sea there. He turned his children into fishes and emptying out his pipe one day formed Nantucket out of its ashes. This latter story of Nantucket's source must account likewise for the well known story of that old Nantucket captain who was accustomed to make his reckonings by tasting the earth brought up on sounding. One day the lead was dipped in some earth brought on board ship from the island, and the captain, after tasting, leaped from his berth in great excitement, exclaiming, "Nantucket's sunk, and here we are right over old Marm Hackett's garden!" Naturally he would recognize the taste of tobacco ashes.

Cairo Street Warnings.

In oriental countries the recklessness of drivers of vehicles and their disregard for foot passengers are very marked, but in Cairo they have a series of curious cries with which they warn a footman. They specify the particular part of his anatomy which is in danger, as thus: "Look out for thy left shin, O uncle." "Boy, have a care for the little toe on thy right foot." "O blind beggar, look out for thy staff." And the blind beggar, feeling his way with the staff in his right hand, at once obediently turns to the left. "O Frankish woman, look out for thy left foot." "O burden bearer, thy load is in danger." "O water carrier, look out for the tail end of thy pigskin water bottle."

How the Gorilla Walks.

The gorilla has not only a crouching habit, but he walks on all four of his legs and has the motion of most quadrupeds, using his right arm and left leg at the same time, and alternates with the left arm and right leg. It is not exactly a walk or a trot, but a kind of ambling gait, while the chimpanzee uses his arms as crutches, but lifts one foot from the ground a little in advance of the other. He does not place the palm of the hand on the ground, but uses the back of the fingers from the second joint.

Notes From Howardville.

EDITOR CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

E. L. Mason and James Wright were hunting last Friday. No damage was done to wild or domestic fowl.

Mr. Carpenter, foreman of mill No. 2, has a new hat that is a dandy. The crown is some eighteen inches high.

Geo. Hurteau's dog is back again. This dog seems to be like a diamond ring, now on your finger, now on your "Uncle's" finger.

Mr. Mattison has his corn all in. It was run through a husking machine. He is now ready for winter having his farm work in good shape. We hope his streak of ill luck has come to an end.

The mill is running very well lately, with the filers, Dalrymple and Mason, taking turn hunting phesants. After tramping a combined total of hundred and fifty miles up and down hill, Mr. Dalrymple has succeeded in capturing one pheasant and one chipmunk, while Mason has shot one turkey, for which he paid $1.50.

The closing of stores on Sunday seems to end the Sunday movement. There are many workman in Emporium who are obliged to work on Sunday in order to hold their situations. Some of these were in hope that the Sunday movement might come their way and include them. I am acquainted with professors of religion—church members—that are obliged to work on Sunday. I don't know how they are going to come out in the end, without turning to seventh day people, and keep Saturday. I would recommend reading Eccl. 12: 13.; Rev. 22: 14,

XXX.

TO ALL CATARRH SUFFERERS

Hyomei Guaranateed to Cure by L. Taggart or Money Refunded,

The popularity and the increase in the sales of Hyomei are unique in the annals of medicine. Such astonishing cures have been made by this remarkable remedy that the proprietors have authorized L. Taggart to sell every package of Hyomei under an absolute guarantee that it will cure catarrh. It it not the purchaser can have his money refunded by L. Taggart.

Hyomei is no ordinary remedy. It is the only method of treatment that sends by direct inhalation to the most remote part of the air passages, a balsamic air that destroys all cattarrhal germs, in the breathing organs, enriches and purifies the blood with additional ozone, and makes permanent and complete cures of catarrh.

The complete Hyomei outfit costs but $1.00 and consists of an inhaler that can be carried in the vest pockt, a medicine dropper, and a bottle of Hyomei. The inhaler lasts a lifetime, and if one bottle does not cure, an extra bottle of Hyomei can be obtained for 50 cents. It is the most economical of all remedies advertised for the cure of catarrh, and is the only one that follows nature in her method of treating diseases of the respiratory organs.

Breath through the inhaler for a few minutes four times a day and your catarch is cured. That's all.

If not cured L. Taggart will refund your money.

FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

New Way of Using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Mr. Arthur Chapman writing from Durban, Natal, South Africa, says: As a proof that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a cure suitable for old and young, I pen you the following: A neighbor of mine had a child just over two months old. It had a very bad cough and the parents did not know what to give it. I suggested that if they would get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and put some upon the dummy teat the baby was sucking it would no doubt cure the child. This they did and brought about a quick relief and cured the baby. This remedy is for sale by L. Taggart.

$30 Thirty Dollars $30.

Every day until November 30th, The Missouri Pacific Ry., will sell one way colonist tickets from St. Louis to points in California, Washington, and Oregon at rate of $30.00, Also special one way colonist tickets on the first and third Tuesdays of each months to points in Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas, New Mexico at about one half rate. For information, schedule of trains, rates, etc., address Jno. R. James, Central Passenger Agent, 905 Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa.

Doesn't Respect Old Age.

It's shameful when youth fails to show proper respect for old age but just the contrary in the case of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They cut off maladies no matter how severe and irrespective of old age. Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Fever, Contipation all yield to this perfect Pill 25c, at L. Taggart's Drug Store.

Sinnamahoning Items.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Arch DeShetler, a daughter on Saturday last.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. George Huff, on Wednesday the 18th, a daughter.

Two weddings are booked for this place this week. Let the good work go on.

Fine weather for fall work and the farmers are all about done with their fall work.

G. W. Gore slaughtered the largest hog of the season. It tipped the scale at 550lbs.

Quite a few of the nimrods of this place were hunting last week, with poor success.

H. M. Fry captured two bears one day last week. They weighed about 100 lbs each.

There has not been many birds killed so far this soason. There seems to be a scarcity.

A big flood in the creek this week, caused the mill to shut down for a few days.

G. W. Gore and party were hunting on the river hills at Keating last week and bagged a fine buck, and report there were plenty of deer signs in that locality.

Henry Snyder, who was struck by an engine about three weeks ago is getting along quite well. He is able to set up part of the time. He says he will keep off the railroad after this.

A reinforcement, with an extra supply of spirits, went out on Karthaus, Sunday to see if they can break the spell that is on the deer out there this fall. We look for a report from them soon.

One of our nimrods, who hunted with a 38-56 modle last season and failed to get any game, as the game was too far off, is hunting with a 30-30 calibre this fall. He will probably get a Gatling gun for next season.

Frank Wolf made a short visit out on Karthaus mountain last week, with a party of hunters who are stopping there through the hunting season and this is his report: Deer seem to be quite plentiful, but hard to shoot, for one day there were seventeen of the party in a ridge hunt, three to drsve and fourteen to watch, when a fine deer came out to the watchers and eleven of them got shots at it, but failed to cut a hair, and as they were all armed with improved fire arms they seem to think the deer are "hoodooed" in that locality. It is claimed that seventy-three shots were made at the one dear.

Resolutions of Condolence.

The following resolutions of condolence were passed by Citizen Hose Company, of Emporium, Pa.:

WHEREAS, The Great and Supreme Ruler of the universe has, in His infinite wisdom, seen fit to remove from our midst one of our loved brothers, Harry M. Thomas, and

WHEREAS, The high position of trust and honor which he filled in this company makes it eminently fitting that we record our appreciation of him, therefore be it

Resolved, That the worthy and efficient services he rendered in times of danger, and his counsels will be ever held in gratful remembrance.

Resolved, That the removal of a life like his from our midst leaves a vacancy and a shadow which will be deeply felt by all members of the company, and will prove a serious loss to the company.

Resolved, That we extend our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved relatives of the deceased. We express our hope that even so great a loss to us all may be overruled for good by Him who doeth all things for the best.

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for a period of sixty days and that copies of these resolutions be presented to his family, spread upon our minutes and printed in our Borough papers.

S. E. MURRY,
D. G. WHEATON,
S. L. LACEY,
Committee.

Emporium, Pa., Nov. 16th, 1903.

For sick headache try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets; they will ward of the attack if taken in time. For sale by L. Taggart.

NEW CAMERON HOUSE.
Cameron, Pa.,
Opposite P. & E. Depot.
HARRY McGEE, Proprietor.

Having taken possession of this house and thoroughly remodeled and enlarged the building by erecting an addition of eighteen rooms, I am well prepared to meet the demands of the public. Guests conveyed to any part of the county. Good fishing and hunting in the immediate vicinity.

Free Trial
"A Perfect Chopper," says Mrs. Rorer
Write for cook book by
Rollman Meat and Food Chopper No. 11. At your dealer's, 50c. By mail or express 75c. Your MONEY BACK if not satisfactory.
ROLLMAN MFG. CO., 140 Penn Ave., Mount Joy, Pa.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

Notice! - - -

EXAMINE the little red box in front window of

Old Reliable Drug Store.

This box contains twenty silver dollars There are a thousand keys belonging to this box, three of which will open the lock. Every person making a cash purchase of ONE DOLLAR is entitled to a key, first key presented that will open the lock will get ten dollars, second key six dollars and third key four dollars. It costs you nothing to get a key. When keys are all out, notice will be given; then present your keys and get money as above stated. There is not a living person knows which key will open the lock.

Respectfully,
L. TAGGART.

Thanksgiving Groceries.

DAY'S

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

All that's nice and desirable for Thanksgiving Feasting.

Never before in the history of this store have so many fine things to tickle the palate been gathered together. No trouble to market here, no need to look further. Just leave your order, we'll do the rest. Our space will not admit of an enumeration of all the good things, the're too numerous.

Here's a special list for

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Every article money savers.

Thanksgiving Mince Meat lb	11C
New Walnuts, lb	20C
California Ham lb.	9C
Malaga Grapes lb.	18C
Carolina Head Rice lb new	7C
Hamburg Champion of England Peas, can	12C
25 Lb. Bag Sugar Best Granulated.	$1.40

New Figs, Dates and Nuts, Celery, Cranberries, Vegetables, Boiled Cider, Pure Olive Oil.

Bishop's Jellies, Jams, Preserves.
Packed at Los Angeles, Cal.
Choice Fresh Fruits.

"Royal" Mocha and Java Blend, the Queen of table coffee.

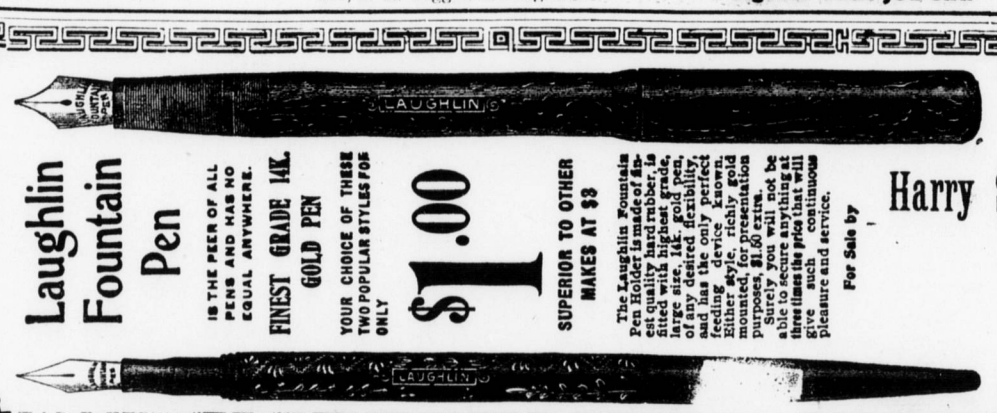
Leave your order early.

Phones. J. H. DAY

Madam French Female Pills. Dean's

A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation. Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.
UNITED MEDICAL CO., Box 74, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C Dodson



Laughlin Fountain Pen
IS THE PEER OF ALL PENS AND HAS NO EQUAL ANYWHERE.
FINEST GRADE 14K. GOLD PEN
YOUR CHOICE OF THESE TWO POPULAR STYLES FOR ONLY
$1.00
SUPERIOR TO OTHER MAKES AT $3
The Laughlin Fountain Pen Holder is made of finest quality hard rubber, is fitted with highest grade, large size, 14k. gold pen, of any desired flexibility, and has the only perfect feeding device known. Either style, richly gold mounted, for presentation purposes, $1.50 extra. Surely you will not be able to secure anything at three times the price that will give such continuous pleasure and service.
For Sale by
Harry S. Lloyd,
Emporium, Pa.

OUR SERIAL.

THE FIRST JOURNEY.

A silent pilgrim, I was borne
Hither unto this port of Life:
Unfrighted, lone, and yet unworn
By any sense of stir or strife—
I anchored at the Port of Life.

Unknowing, hitherward I came!
Unknowing all I crossed the bar
Where life burst round me like a flower
And one face shone, sweet, like a star,
And one, a graver, sterner star.

A pilgrim here I nothing brought
Save my white, child, unspotted soul.
Brought nothing! 'twas as if God thought
A pilgrim, without scrip or stole—
That were enough:—a pure, child soul!

Came nothing bringing—land nor gold—
Save the immortal gift of Love:
Haply my baby hand could hold
That holiest hest sent from above
With Joy, the sister twin to Love.

Were it too much for me to ask
Some note of life—its hopes and fears—
To fit me for my coming task
When wandering through the crowding years?
Who was it gave the gift of tears?

Not angels: not in my own heaven
Are found the deeps whence tears may flow:
Only to mortals is it given
To sound the breaking note of woe;
Nor do we take it when we go!

Lonely and far I came, yet near;
The wonder was to be alone—
Till light shone round me, comfort, cheer:
Then Life's first sounds, a laugh—a moan—
And then, O strange, a cry!—mine own.

They asked me naught, but took me in,
Kind hands were there—then food and rest
It was as if it had always been,
Nor did they ask me of my quest—
The welcome was!—I was the guest!

—Millie W. Carpenter, in Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

A Daughter of the Sioux

By GEN. CHARLES KING.

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CHAPTER XXIV.—CONTINUED.

A woeful time, it seems, they had had with poor Nanette when at last it became necessary to take her away from her dead brave. She raged and raved at even her pleading aunt. Defiant of them all, from the general down, and reckless of law or fact, she vowed it was all a conspiracy to murder Moreau in cold blood. They gave him the knife, she declared, although it later developed that she had tossed it through the open window. They had given him the chance to escape—the sight of Kennedy, "who had striven to kill him twice before," and then of the blacksmiths, with their degrading shackles—all just to tempt him to make a dash for freedom—just as they had lured and murdered Crazy Horse—Crazy Horse, his brave kinsman, not ten years before—then had placed a dead shot on the path to life and liberty—a man who killed him in cold blood, as deliberately planned. These were her accusations, and that story took strong hold in certain circles in the far east.

Nanette said many other things before her final breakdown; and Hay and his sorrowing wife found their load of care far heaviest, for the strain of Indian blood, now known to all, had steeled the soul of the girl against the people at Fort Frayne, men and women both, against none so vehemently as those who would have shown her sympathy, none so malignantly as those who had suffered for her sake.

This was especially true of Field. In the mad hope of "getting justice," as she termed it, for the dead, she had demanded speech of the general, and, in presence of "Black Bill" and the surgeon, he had given her a hearing. It proved fatal to her cause, for in her fury at what she termed "the triumph of his foes," she lost all sense of right or reason, and declared that it was Field who had warned Stabber's band and sent them fleeing to unite with Lame Wolf—Field who took the trader's horses and rode by night with Kennedy to warn them it was Webb's intention to surround the village at dawn and make prisoners of the men. It was Field, she said, who furnished the money Moreau needed to establish his claim to a gold mine in the Black Hills, the ownership of which would make them rich and repay Field a dozen times over. It was Field who sought to protect her kindred among the Sioux in hopes, she said it boldly, of winning her. But the general had heard enough. The door was opened and Ray and Blake were ushered in. The former briefly told of the finding of her note in Field's room the night the adjutant was so mysteriously missing. The note itself was held forth by the inspector general and she was asked if she cared to have it opened and read aloud. Her answer was that Field was a coward, a dastard to betray a woman who had trusted him.

"Oh, he didn't," said Blake dryly. "'Twas just the other way. He couldn't be induced to open his head, so his friends took a hand. You got word of the outbreak through your Indian followers. You wrote to Field and sent the note by Pete, bidding him join you at that godless hour, telling him that you would provide the horses and that you must ride to Stabber's camp to see Moreau for the last time, as he was going at once to the Black Hills. You made Field believe he was your half brother, instead of what he was. You brought Moreau back to the post and took something, I can't say what, down to him from Mr. Hay's—he waiting for you on the flats below the trader's corral. You should have worn your moccasins, as well as a divided skirt, that night instead of French-heeled bottines. The rest—others can tell."

The others were Kennedy, and the recaptured, half recalcitrant Pete, the latter turned state's evidence. Kennedy told how he had wandered down into the flats after "the few dhrinks" that made him think scornful of Sioux; of his encounter with Eagle Wing, his rescue by Field and a girl who spoke Sioux like a native. He thought it was little Fawn Eyes when he heard her speak, and until he heard this lady; then he understood. He had been pledged to secrecy by the lieutenant, and never meant to tell a soul, but when he heard the lie the lady told about the lieutenant, it ended any promise.

Then Pete, an abject, whining wretch, was ushered in, and his story, when dragged out by the roots was worst of all. Poor Mrs. Hay! She had to hear it, for they sent for her; somebody had to restrain Nanette. Pete said he had "known Nanette long time, ever since baby. So had Crapaud. Yes, and they had known Eagle Wing, Moreau, always—knew his father and mother. Knew Nanette's father and mother." But Black Bill interposed. No need to go into these particulars, as substantiating Mrs. Hay and himself, said he. "The lady knows perfectly well that I know all about her girlhood," so Pete returned to modern history. Eagle Wing, it seems, came riding often in from Stabber's camp to see Nanette by night, and "he was in heap trouble, always heap trouble, always want money," and one night she told Pete he must come with her, must never tell of it. She had money, she said, her own, in the trader's safe, but the door was too heavy, she couldn't open it, even though she had the key. She had opened the store by the back door, then came to him to help her with the rest. He pulled the safe door open, he said, and then she hunted and found two big letters, and took them to the house, and next night she opened the store again, and he pulled open the safe, and she put back the letters and sent him to Mr. Field's back door with note, and then over to saddle Harney and Dan, and "bring 'em out back way from stable." Then later she told him Capt. Blake had Eagle Wing's buckskin pouch and letters, and they must get them or somebody would hang Eagle Wing, and she kept them going, "all time going," meeting messengers from the Sioux camps, or carrying letters. She fixed everything for the Sioux to come and capture Hay and the wagon—fixed everything even to nearly murdering the sentry on Number Six. Pete and Spotted Horse, a young brave of Stabber's band, had compassed that attempted rescue. She would have them kill the sentry if need be, and the reason they didn't get Wing away was that she couldn't wait until the sentries had called off. They might even then have succeeded, only her pony broke away, and she clung to Eagle Wing's until he—he had to hit her to make her let go.

The wild girl, in a fury declared it false from end to end. The poor woman, weeping by her side, bowed her head and declared it doubtless true.

Her story—Mrs. Hay's—was saddest of all. Her own father died when she was very, very young. He was a French Canadian trader and traveler who had left them fairly well to do. Next to her Indian mother, Mrs. Hay had loved no soul on earth as she had her pretty baby sister. The girls grew up together. The younger, petted and spoiled, fell in love with a handsome, reckless young French half breed, Jean La Fleur; against all warnings, became his wife, and was soon bullied, beaten and deserted. She lived but a little while, leaving to her more prosperous and level-headed sister, now wedded to Mr. Hay, their baby daughter, also named Nanette, and by her the worthy couple had done their very best. Perhaps it would have been wiser had they sent the child away from all association with the Sioux, but she had lived eight years on the Laramie in daily contact with them, sharing the Indian sports and games, loving their free life, and rebelled furiously when finally taken East. "She" was the real reason why her aunt spent so many months of each succeeding year away from her husband and the frontier. One of the girl's playmates was a magnificent young savage, a son of Crow Killer, the famous chief. The father was killed the day of Crazy Horse's fierce assault on the starving force of Gen. Crook at Slim Buttes in '76, and good, kind missionary people speedily saw promise in the lad, put him at school and strove to educate him. The rest they knew. Sometimes at Eastern schools, sometimes with Buffalo Bill, but generally out of money and into mischief, Eagle Wing went from one year to another, and Nanette, foolishly permitted to meet him again in the East, had become infatuated. All that art and education, wealth, travel and luxury combined could do, was done to wean her from her passionate adoration of this superb young savage. There is no fiercer, more intense, devotion than that the Sioux girl gives the warrior who wins her love. She becomes his abject slave. She will labor, lie, steal, sin, suffer, die, gladly die for him, if only she believes herself loved in turn, and this did Nanette more than believe, and believing, slaved and studied between his irregular appearances that she might wheedle more money from her aunt to lavish on her brave. When discovered meeting him in secret and by night, she was locked in her third story room and thought secure, until the day revealed her gone by way of the lightning rod. They had to resort to more stringent measures, but time and again she met him, undetected until too late, and when at last her education was declared complete, she had amazed her aunt by expressing willingness to go to Frayne, when the good woman thought the objectionable kinsman abroad with Buffalo Bill. Until too late, Mrs. Hay knew nothing of his having been discharged and of his preceding them to the west. Then Nanette begged her for more money, because he was in dreadful trouble—had stabbed a police officer at Omaha, whose people, so Moreau said, agreed not to prosecute him if if one thousand dollars could be paid at once. Hay's patience had been exhausted. He had firmly refused to contribute another cent to settle Moreau's scrapes, even though he was a distant kinsman of his wife, and they both were fond of his little sister Fawn Eyes. It had never occurred to Mrs. Hay that Nan could

"ALONE ON THE LOFTY HEIGHT, ALONE IN THE WINTRY WILDERNESS, SOBBING OUT HER GRIEF SONG TO THE SLEEPING WINDS."

steal from or plot against her benefactors, but that was before she dreamed that Nanette had become the Indian's wife. After that anything might happen. "If she could do that for love of Moreau," said she, "there was nothing she could not do."

And it would seem there was little short of deliberate murder she had not done for her Sioux lover, who had rewarded her utter self sacrifice by a savage blow with a revolver butt. "Poor Nanette!" sobbed Mrs. Hay, and "Poor Nanette!" said all Fort Frayne, their distrust of her buried and forgotten as she lay, refusing herself to every one; starving herself in dull, desperate misery in her lonely room. Even grim old "Black Bill" whom she had recognized at once—Bill who had been the first to confirm Blake's suspicions as to her identity—had pity and compassion for her. "It's the way of the blood," said Blake. "She is

'Bred out of that bloody strain
That haunted us in our familiar paths.'"

"She could do no different," said the general, "having fixed her love on him. It's the strain of the Sioux. We call her conduct criminal—they call it sublime."

And one night, while decision in Nanette's case was still pending, and, still self-secluded, she hid within the trader's home, refusing speech with any one but little Fawn Eyes, a sleighing party set out from Frayne for a spin by moonlight along the frozen Platte. Wagon bodies had been set on runners, and piled with hay. The young people from officers' row, with the proper allowance of patrons and elders, were stowed therein, and tucked in robes and furs, Esther Dade among them, gentle and responsive as ever, yet still very silent. Field, in his deep mourning went nowhere. He seemed humiliated beyond words by his connection with this most painful affair. Even the general failed to cheer and reassure him. He blamed himself for everything and shrank even from his friends. They saw the dim glow of the student lamp in his quarters, as they jingled cheerily away. They were coming homeward, toward ten o'clock. The moon was shining brilliantly along the bold heights of the southern bank, and insensibly, chat and laughter gradually ceased as they came again in sight of the twinkling lights of Frayne, and glanced aloft at a new-made scaffolding, standing black against the sky at the crest of Fetterman Bluff. "Eagle Wing roosts high," said a thoughtless youngster. "The general let them have their way to the last. What's that?" he added, with sudden stop.

The sleigh had as suddenly been reined in. The driver, an Irish trooper, crossed himself, for, on the hush of the breathless winter night, there rose and fell—shrill, quavering, now high, now low, in mournful minor, a weird, desolate, despairing chant, the voice of the heart-broken woman, and one and all knew at once it was Nanette, after the manner of her mother's people, alone on the lofty height, alone in the wintry wilderness, sobbing out her grief song to the sleeping winds, mourning to the last her lost, her passionately loved brave.

Then, all on a sudden, it ceased. A black form started from under the scaffolding to the edge of the bluff. Then again, weird, wild, uncanny, a barbaric, almost savage strain burst from the lips of the girl. "Mother of Heavin!" cried the driver. "Can no one shtop that awful keen. It's her death song she's singin'!"

Two young officers sprang from the sleigh, but at the instant another cry arose. Another form, this one of horse and rider, appeared at the crest, silhouetted with the girl's against the stars. They saw the rider leap from saddle, almost within arms' length of the singer; saw her quickly turn, as though, for the first time, aware of an intruder. Then the wailing song went out in sudden scream of mingled wrath, hatred and despair, and, like the Sioux that she was at heart, the girl made one mad rush to reach the point of bluff where was a sheer descent of over 80 feet. A shriek of dread went up from the crowded sleigh; a cry of rejoicing, as the intruder sprang and clasped her, preventing her reaching the precipice. But almost instantly followed a moan of anguish, for slipping at the crest, together, firmly linked, they came rolling, sliding, shooting down the steep incline of the frozen bluff, and brought up with stunning force among the icy blocks, logs and driftwood at the base.

They bore them swiftly homeward—Field senseless and sorely shaken—Nanette's fierce spirit slowly drifting away from the bruised and broken tenement held there, so pityingly, in the arms of Esther Dade. Before the Christmas fires were lighted in the snowbound, frontier fort, they had laid all that was mortal of the brave, deluded girl in the little cemetery of Fort Frayne, her solemn story closed, on earth, forever.

[To Be Continued.]

HE STUDIED HIS PUPILS.

Why Dr. Thring Was One of England's Most Successful Teachers of Boys.

Dr. Edward Thring, next to Arnold of Rugby, was considered to be the most successful teacher of boys in England. The duller the lad, the more eager was Dr. Thring to take him in hand and develop him.

On one occasion a despairing father brought his son to him.

"John must do everything his own way," he said. "He opposes his teachers, his schoolfellows, me, in everything. He will not take it for granted that twice two are four until he has counted for himself."

"John is in for more hopeful condition than the amiable boy who always goes with the crowd," said the shrewd teacher, "provided he has common sense enough to find out some time that he is not infallible."

After two years the father went again to Dr. Thring.

"What miracle have you worked upon John?" he asked. "He is happy, affectionate and sensible."

"I taught him how to lead, and suffered him to be a leader," was the reply. "Boys are like sheep. One finds a path, the others follow. The masterful, strong boy can be trained into a wise captain. It is the weak lad who always copies his fellows that is not worth drilling."

The theory of this famous teacher is more worthy of attention because education too often treats boys and girls in the mass, neglecting individual development. Dr. Thring, by careful attention to boys of peculiar character, has given to the England of to-day some of its most useful men.

Hospitable Pat.

A certain sportsman took a shooting in Ireland. He was assured that it was a good sporting territory. When he arrived this was corroborated by the head keeper, a typical Paddy. The latter declared that the country fairly bristled with pheasants. So they went out after them and in a day put up five. The next day the tenant inquired after partridges and was told the same tale; the shoot yielded about six. Woodcock, grouse, capercailzie, every kind of game, Paddy told "his 'onner" were as thick as leaves in autumn, but they could not be found. At last he said angrily: "Are there many rhinoceroses on the estate?" "Shure, yer 'onner," drawled Pat very slowly, "not many, not many," but brightening up, "you may put up two or three round the lake in the summer." Long before the summer, of course, the tenancy would be at an end. "You confounded rascal," roared the tenant, "what do you mean by telling me all these lies?" "Shure," said Pat with a true Hibernian grin, "an' would't I be givin' yer 'onner a pleasant answer?"—London Tatler.

Chained But Harmless.

A Londoner, just arrived at a Scottish town, and on his way to a hotel, addressed the porter who led the way: "Not a large place this?" "No verra," was the answer. Next question came: "Has it a corporation?" "A what, sir?" inquired the baggage bearer. "I mean, who rules it?" "Rules it? Jist the Provost." "Ah, the Provost. Like our Lord Mayor? Has he got any insignia?" remarked the cockney. "Insignia! What d'ye mean?" quoth the puzzled Scotsman. "Yes, insignia; that is to say, has he a chain?" the polite visitor hinted. Whereupon the almost dumbfounded native gasped out: "A chain, sir? The Provost chained? Na, na! He gangs loose; but dinna be feared, he's quite harmless."—St. James Gazette.

Weather Prophets.

In the reign of Henry VIII. a proclamation was issued against almanac-makers encouraging the belief in saints ruling the weather. Notwithstanding this and similar efforts to explode a popular notion, certain saints' days are, however, still supposed to assist in what may be called long-distance forecasts. St. Catharine, whose festival falls on November 25, is such a saint, for "as at Catharine, foul or fair, so will be the next February."—Detroit Free Press

Which?

The president had an informal reception in his office recently and a number of visitors were presented to him. One lady introduced herself as from Jacksonville, Fla., and said: "Mr. President, I have come all this way just to see you. I have never seen a live president before." Mr. Roosevelt seemed much amused. "Well, well," he said. "I hope you don't feel disappointment now that you have seen one. Lots of people in these parts go all the way to Jacksonville to see a live alligator. I wonder which kind of a tourist feels the most sold."

BETHSAIDA.

A Tale of the Time of the Caesars—By Malcolm Dearborn, Author of "Lionel Ardon."

This story covers an interesting period, that of the brutal Tiberius Caesar and the trial and death of Christ. There are two scenes in which the Saviour figures, as he is being led to execution, and the effect his presence produces on the two chief personages of the story is graphically described.

The hero, Aristarchus, is a Roman noble of great wealth. His father, Petronius, has been doomed to death by order of Augustus Caesar, whom he had unintentionally offended. On his last night on earth, while Petronius was looking from the roof of his palace, he witnessed a strange light in the heavens. It rose, paused, vibrated, then slowly disappeared in its course towards Syria.

While he was still gazing at it, a slave approaches and announces to him the birth of a son. The Roman marvels, and at once associates the wondrous light in the heavens with the birth of his son. The light, of course, was the star of Bethlehem, proclaiming the birth of Christ, whose influence over Petronius' son makes up the main incidents of the story. That night Petronius dies by his own hand to avoid the ignominious death planned for him by Augustus.

Aristarchus, grown to manhood, becomes disgusted with the materialism and vapid luxury of Rome, and is, moreover, involved in a quarrel with Tiberius during one of the latter's drunken orgies. He flies Rome, and turns Eastward in his course. There he learns of the strange fame of the "Nazarene," whom he forwith desires to see. His wish is granted by a sight of Jesus as he is being led to execution. The effect upon the Roman is intense; its revolutionizes his whole life.

The heroine, Bethsaida, who gives name to the story, is a maiden of humble birth, but of strange character and commanding beauty. Her father has trained her to be a dancing girl at the court of Pilate. She, too, sees Christ as he is being led to death, and the effect wrought causes her to plan a flight from the influence of Pilate and his court.

Chance brings about a meeting between her and Aristarchus, and their mutual experiences in the encounter with Christ form a bond between the strangely assorted pair, whose training and environment had been so foreign to one another.

The alternate bursts of tyranny and kindliness that distinguish Pilate, whose love for his wife, Claudia, despite his infidelity to her, is his one saving trait, make an engaging study. Claudia herself will, doubtless, appeal to many readers as the most loveable character in the book. Her justice, religious sympathy and devotion are well depicted.

The tone of the book is that of unquestioning belief in the miraculous birth and mission of Christ.

Handsomely bound in Cloth, 12mo., $1.50. Published by the G. W. Dillingham company, New York.

His Classification.

"Tell me what you eat," said the wise guy, "and I'll tell you what you are."

"Rats!" ejaculated the scoffer.

"Ah!" retored the w. g. "According to the dope book you are a Chinaman."—Chicago Daily News.

Low Rate Excursions

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month to Texas, Indian and Oklahoma Territories via M., K. & T. Ry. Take advantage of the opportunity offered and see the Great Southwest in all its glory. "Texas," "Business Chances," "Indian Territory" and other booklets, brimful of information, will be sent on receipt of two-cent stamp to prepay postage. Address, George Morton, G. P. & T. A., M., K. & T. Ry., Suite Q, The Wainwright, St. Louis, Mo.

Pointed Query.

She—I might have married a foreign nobleman!

He—That so—who did pay his debts?—Judge.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Caller—"Is the man of the house in?" Maid—"Yes, but the woman of the house won't let him come out."—San Francisco Wasp.

The Chicago & North-Western is the only double track railway between Chicago and the Missouri River.

Beware of threats! People may not pay any attention to them, and then you are left in an embarrassing position.—Puck.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Robbins, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

There are so many disagreeable people who simply won't heap coals of fire on our heads.—Puck.

The Overland Limited, solid train Chicago to the Coast daily. Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line.

Chronic complaining doesn't make a hard lot any softer.

To accept good advice is but to increase one's own ability.—Goethe.

For each big man at the top there are a million little ones at the bottom.

Never judge the weather by the predictions of a prophet.—Chicago Daily News.

It is economy to be truthful. It pays. It is dignified. It may offend a few to refuse information desired, but it will offend more to pervert verity.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Wife—"I have been thinking I ought to give you a birthday present, Harold. Husband—"Oh, very well. Just write down what it shall be and I'll buy it on my way uptown."—Town Topics.

When little Miss Canada picks up her A. B. C. she flies into a dreadful passion. It may be recalled that A. B. C. stand for Alaska Boundary Commission.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Butler—"I know that butcher acts rather queerly at times, but the doctor says he is in full control of his mental faculties." Baker—"Yes, but that cannot call for much of an effort, you know."—Boston Transcript.

Mrs. Nexdore—"I guess you heard my daughter practising to-day. The music teacher was there to-day; she's taking lessons by the quarter—" Mrs. Pepprey—"Indeed? I thought it was by the pound."—Philadelphia Press.

Auntie—"Do you know you are playing with two very naughty little boys, Johnny?" Johnny—"Yes." Auntie—"You do? I'm surprised. Why don't you play with good little boys?" Johnny—"Because their mothers won't let them!"—Punch.

More Information Wanted.

He—Could you love me if I lost all my money?

She—How much have you to lose?—Stray Stories.

Nothing More to Be Said.

Miss Marks—Does she patronize auctions?

Mrs. Down—Does She? Why, she would buy eggs at one.—Stray Stories.

Mrs. L. C. Glover, Vice-President Milwaukee, Wis., Business Woman's Association, is another one of the million women who have been restored to health by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was married for several years and no children blessed my home. The doctor said I had a complication of female troubles and I could not have any children unless I could be cured. He tried to cure me, but after experimenting for several months, my husband became disgusted, and one night when we noticed the testimonial of a woman who had been cured of similar trouble through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** he went out and bought a bottle for me. I used your medicine for three and one-half months, improving steadily in health, and in twenty-two months a child came. I cannot fully express the joy and thankfulness that is in my heart. Our home is a different place now, as we have something to live for, and all the credit is due to **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** Yours very sincerely, MRS. L. C. GLOVER, 614 Grove St., Milwaukee, Wis." Vice President, Milwaukee Business Woman's Association.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

THE WRONG SMILE.

That Is in the Case of a Young Lady Who Was a Scale Breaker.

He kneels at the feet of the heiress.

Now, in order to make plain what is to follow, let us state that the heiress weighs 300 pounds, says Judge. True love, however, we will concede for the sake of argument, knows no waist-lines. And no woman is ever so fat as her fortune. Therefore, to proceed, messieurs.

He kneels, as we have previously said, at the feet of the heiress.

"You are all the world to me!" he exclaims.

"What?" she pants. "You wretch! are you aware of the fact that the equator is the largest diameter of the world?"

In vain does he argue that the equator is an imaginary line. This only makes it worse.

Metaphorically, she sits down on him; metaphorically, he is crushed.

At the China Shop.—Superintendent—"We are likely to have a brisk sale of chinaware this year, Mr. Tiler." Floorwalker—"What makes you think that?" Superintendent—"I see it stated that long flowing sleeves are coming into fashion."—Boston Transcript.

Double Daily Through Service to California via Missouri Pacific Railway and Iron Mountain Route. Choice of Central route through Colorado or via the True Southern Route through Texas, Arizona, etc. Through sleeper to Los Angeles. Only line operating through sleeping cars, St. Louis to San Francisco. Tourist car service to California four days in the week. For rates and full information address any agent of Missouri Pacific Railway, or Iron Mountain Route, or H. C. TOWNSEND, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Louis.

"Yes, if I do say it," said the conceited fellow, "she's crazy for me." "How unnecessary," remarked Miss Sharpe, "you don't require any assistance in that direction."—Philadelphia Press.

Money refunded for each package of Putnam Fadeless Dyes if unsatisfactory.

Editor—"There isn't an idea in this story of yours." Great Author—"I couldn't afford to sell it to you if there was."—Life.

The Shortest Way
out of an attack of
Rheumatism or Neuralgia

Is to use
St. Jacobs Oil
Which affords not only sure relief, but a prompt cure. It soothes, subdues, and ends the suffering.
Price, 25c. and 50c.

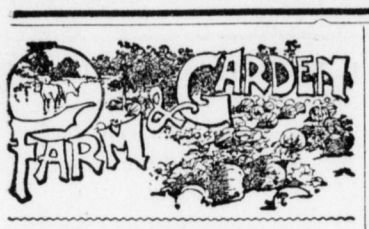
AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called "Lane's Tea" or

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE

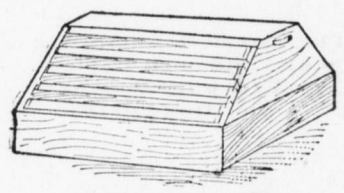
All druggists or by mail 25 cts. and 50 cts. Buy it to day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, Box 295, Le Roy, N. Y.



POULTRY SHIPPING BOX.

Made from Cheap Common Boxes That Can Be Obtained at Any Grocery Store.

An institute speaker here describes how he makes shipping coops from common cheap shallow boxes such as are common at grocery stores. I am trying the plan this season and find it is the cheapest good shipping coop that I can get. The shallow box shown at the base of the illustration is built up by two end pieces sawed from refuse



LIGHT SHIPPING COOP.

thick box boards joined together and to the box by two cleats inside and wire nails clinched. I get most of my slats from old broken orange crates, which the grocer gives me when I buy boxes, but laths may be used if desired, with a wide slat for the top. To insure careful handling it is best to make handle holes or nail on a couple of short outside cleats.

For a pair of average fowls the coop should not be much less than two feet high, one and one-half feet wide and one and three-fourths feet long. I put inside a couple of ears of corn, an apple or two, and for water nail a tin can to the side of the box. On top of the box I write with a blue pencil the address of the buyer and also of the shipper, including post office address when different from the express office, also the number of chickens inside and the weight of the package if I know it. The address is repeated on a card tacked to the box. This care pleases the expressmen and I think tends to insure prompt and careful handling.—I. A. Stephenson, in Farm and Home.

BEES THAT DON'T SWARM.

The Original Queen Was a Gold-Dust Italian and Her Stock Is Equally Home-Loving.

Recently we were informed that in Cuba had been discovered a stingless bee. Now comes a man who claims to have a swarmless bee. Writing to the American Bee Journal, he says:

So much has been said and written about the desirability of non-swarming bees that I thought perhaps a few words from me would be acceptable, as I have had some experience in that line, and I am convinced that I have got a non-swarming variety of bees. Why do I think so? Because they answer the description as given by nearly all the writers on the subject, namely, they do not swarm; but they do give me surplus honey every year. I can't take credit for better management, for I manage just as all prominent writers say we should manage. There is plenty of room in the brood-chamber for the queen to lay, plenty of ventilation when weather is warm, and I extract whenever the bees begin to seal the honey in the super, so the management is nothing unusual. Yet I have not had a swarm issue in eight years.

I have five colonies back of my home, and my lot is 30 feet wide, with neighbors on both sides. So a swarm could not very well get out without being seen, and my queens' wings are clipped; that is, I clip one wing quite short.

The original queen was a gold-dust Italian, and the ones I now have are of her stock. I am not selling queens, but I do think I have a stock that won't swarm if given fairly good management. I have kept bees off and on for 16 years, but never very many colonies at a time. I use eight-frame dovetailed hives, and run for extracted honey altogether.

POULTRY YARD NOTES.

Large roasting fowls, young and fat, will be in demand for the Thanksgiving market. All cannot buy turkeys.

First make a few hens pay you a profit, then start the large flock. Many a man has made a failure by starting on too large a scale.

If the market before Thanksgiving is good and the birds are ripe, why wait? There is frequently a glut when all try to sell at once.

No figures, however large, should tempt the grower to sell his best birds. The best is none too good for the breeder who wants to keep his stock up to high standards.

A water-proof roof on the poultry-house is a fine thing to have when the cold November rain falls. It will soon be too late to put on a new one or to repair the old.

Pet the turkeys and get them ready to celebrate. Feed generously and in such a way that they will not be overreached or deprived of their food by the quicker motioned fowls.—Farm Journal.

Plowing 25 Acres a Day.

A man living in Oklahoma is doing his fall plowing with a threshing machine engine and two disk gang plows. The scheme was begun as an experiment and has proved a great success. At each round of the field the machine plows eight furrows, doing the work of four men and 16 horses. In this way 25 acres of wheat stubble are turned under every day at an average cost of about 50 cents per acre.

POULTRY FOR MARKET.

The Vexed Problem of Drawing Before Shipping to Be Decided by Local Demands.

The proper way to kill all kinds of poultry is by opening the veins of the neck or by bleeding in the mouth. Hang by the feet until the blood is drained out. One may scald chickens for home trade, but it is best to dry-pick them for shipment. When scalding, do not immerse the head. This spoils the appearance of the eyes and comb and gives the buyer the impression the chicken has been diseased. If the water is too hot that is used for scalding it will cause the skin to be tender and break easil. All pin feathers should be removed cleanly and neatly. "Plump" by dipping for several seconds into water near the boiling point; then at once into cold water.

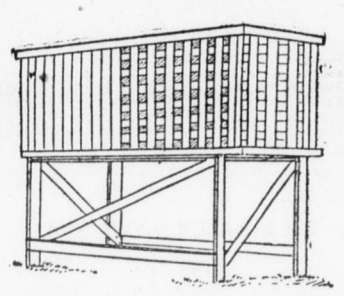
Always dry-pick turkeys. They look better when dry-picked, and command better prices than when scalded. To dry-pick turkeys or chickens properly the work should be done while the bodies are warm. It is easier to pluck them while warm. Opinions differ regarding the practice of drawing poultry before marketing. When shipping one must suit the demands of the market. Our home trade prefers the crop and intestines removed. They tell us the shipped fowls they buy that have not been drawn have a strong intestinal flavor sometimes. We have made a few experiments along this line, and we find that fowls that are drawn as soon as possible after being killed keep longer under the same conditions than those not drawn. When the crop and intestines are not to be removed, it is important to let the birds fast for 24 hours to empty them of food that might ferment and spoil the fowls.

One who has never dressed and packed poultry for shipment has many things to learn. The head and feet must not be removed. Turkeys should have the feathers left on the neck for about three inches from the head; also a few feathers on the tail and tips of the wings. Ducks and geese should be scalded when dressing for market, and we find it takes longer for the water to penetrate and loosen the feathers than it does for other kinds of poultry. Leave feathers on the head and for two or three inches on the neck.—Mrs. Frank Wood, in N. Y. Prairie Farmer.

COOPS FOR FATTENING.

Fowls Kept in One Three Weeks Will Gain Wonderfully in Weight and Looks.

Where it is desired to take extra pains in fattening chickens, it is necessary to confine them in close quarters for two or three weeks before killing. The coop shown herewith is ideal for this purpose. It is set on legs two and one-



FATTENING COOP FOR FOWLS.

half feet above the ground for convenience in carring for the fowls. The coop is about two feet wide, five feet long and two feet nine inches high, and will easily hold six birds.

The bottom should be constructed of slats somewhat closer together than the sides and ends, so that the droppings may fall through. The coops should be placed under roofs to shed rain and to protect the fowls from the hot sun. In cold weather it would be necessary to protect them still more by placing the coops in buildings. Feed troughs and water vessels are attached at the outside in easy reach of the fowls.—J. D. Spooner, in Farm and Home.

GOPHERS KILLED BY GAS.

New and Successful Means of Getting Rid of the Farmer's Pests Tested in Nebraska.

The farmers in the vicinity of Louisville, Neb., are very much interested in experiments now being made by the Nebraska experiment station on the farm of George H. Holdrege at Louisville for the extermination of gophers by the aid of Pincht gas. The Nebraska experiment station, having made successful tests of this new discovery in the western part of the state on prairie dogs, is now experimenting with the ground or pocket gopher, which has proven very destructive to orchards and meadow lands in this part of the state. The first experiments were made by Mr. Perrin, experiment station farmer, and Prof. E. A. Burnet, animal husbandman of the same institution, and at least 50 per cent. of the gophers were killed in holes where the gas was applied.

Pincht gas is said to be inexpensive, the cost of ridding farms of prairie dogs being estimated at about 2 cents per acre. It is the refuse from the manufacture of Pincht gas and is in liquid form. Any absorbing article may be soaked in the fluid and then put in the hole and the earth replaced. The fumes of the gas penetrate through the hole and the animal is killed of asphyxiation.

In going to a new country to enter the fruit business the neighbors are the safest advisers.

Weed out the old ewes and feed to turn into mutton before cold weather comes.

Let poultry of all kinds fast at least 12 hours before killing.

Wise.

Though worth several millions, Hugh McLaughlin, the Brooklyn democratic boss, spends very little money on himself, his clothing at times being absolutely shabby. His chief lieutenant, James Shevlin, is a relative by marriage and a dealer in shoes, says a New York exchange. "Come over to my store," said Shevlin one day, "and get you a pair of good shoes made." The old man demurred at first, but finally consented and was measured for a fine pair. Shortly afterward he received a bill for $12, just about three times as much as he is accustomed to pay for footwear. He looked at the document gravely for a minute, wrote across the face of it: "Collect from Shevlin; he's responsible," remailed it to the sender and beard nothing more about the matter.

Has He Found It?

Polk, Ark., Nov. 9.—A remedy that will absolutely cure Rheumatism has been discovered by Mr. George Hiland of this place. Mr. Hiland is satisfied that the remedy he has used is a sure cure, for it cured him of a very serious case of Acute Rheumatism when he was so bad that he could not move. This is what he says:—

"I was troubled with what is called Acute Rheumatism in 1900. I was in such shape that I could not move without help. I was treated by a physician, who helped me some, but I was still in great pain when my wife saw Dodd's Kidney Pills advertised as a cure for Rheumatism. She insisted on my trying them, and I felt better after taking the first box. I continued, and now I am well and able to work all the time. I have found Dodd's Kidney Pills to be just what they are claimed to be, a perfect cure for Rheumatism."

Mr. Hiland's very positive statement seems to settle all doubt as to whether or not Rheumatism can be cured.

Solo Would Be Appreciated.

"Allow me to introduce you to Prof. Alpen Stocker. He has this season surmounted the difficulties of the Matterhorn."

"O, delighted, professor. I must beg of you to attend my next musical reception and bring the Matterhorn with you!"—Stray Stories.

Chicago's First Railway Half Century.

Under the above heading the Railway Age, in referring to the recent centennial celebration of the city of Chicago, said:

The world had not heard of railways in 1803. It was about 25 years after the starting of Chicago before the first locomotive went into service in the United States. As early as 1836 a few far-seeing men among the pioneers in the country between Lake Michigan and the Mississippi river determined that a railway ought to be built to Galena, an ambitious town in the lead mining regions, 170 miles to the northwest of this point. They secured a charter for the Galena & Chicago Union railroad, giving Galena the honor of precedence in the title, because it was the more important place. Why was it determined that the first railroad should start for Galena from this little town on Lake Michigan? Simply because there were a few men here of the railway building spirit. These men might have started a Chicago at some other point on the lake more attractive by nature than this. The pioneer railway was to determine the location of the greatest railway center in the world, and when William B. Ogden and his associates determined that here should be the starting point of the railway to unite Galena with the lake, they did the thing which made Chicago.

It was 12 years after the charter was granted before the first piece of road was completed. The panic of 1837 stopped the surveys, and construction was not begun until 1847, but on November 20, 1848, the Galena & Chicago Union Railroad ran its first train from Chicago west to Harlem, 10 miles. Within three years it had reached Eligin, 43 miles, and by 1854 had been extended to Freeport, 120 miles westerly from Chicago, where it stopped for good. The Galena road never reached Galena. The gap of 51 miles between Freeport and the original goal of its ambition was substantially filled by the construction of the Illinois Central on its way to Dubuque, and the Galena & Chicago Union company, having decided on a more direct line to the Mississippi river, built the "Dixon Air Line" from Turner Junction on the old road, 30 miles west of Chicago, on to the Mississippi, which was reached at the end of 1855. The pioneer road had built a branch, from Belvidere, Ill., into Wisconsin and was proposing an extension to the northwest when a competitor, under the name of the Chicago, St. Paul & Fond du Lac, began to build a road direct from Chicago into the same Wisconsin territory. That road became the Chicago & Northwestern, and its line now forms the Wisconsin division of the present company. In 1864 the Galena & Chicago Union Railroad company was consolidated with the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company and disappeared from the scene of action. In 1866 the Chicago & Northwestern absorbed the Chicago & Milwaukee and Milwaukee & Chicago railroad companies, which had built a line between the places named in their titles, and this was the origin of the Milwaukee division of the Northwestern road. The Chicago & Northwestern system and the entire railway system of the Northwest therefore, started in 1848 from the Galena & Chicago Union road, and it was fitting that to commemorate the inauguration of the tremendous interest to which Chicago owes so much the city should place in the wall of the modern Northwestern Railway station a tablet marking the site of the first railway depot in Chicago.

"Can you put two and two together?" "Not so well as one and one; I'm a minister."—Detroit Free Press.

New Fast Train to Texas

via Iron Mountain Route, leaving St. Louis 8:30 a. m. for points in Texas and the Southwest. Direct connection with trains from North and East. In addition to this the Iron Mountain Route have three other trains to Texas, leaving St. Louis 2:21 p.m., 8:40 p. m and 3:05 a. m. Through Pullman Sleepers, Dining Cars and Elegant Chair Cars. Twelve hours saved to California. Fastest schedules to Texas. Tourist tickets on sale the year round. Write any agent of Iron Mountain Route, or H. C. TOWNSEND, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Louis.

A very popular couple—two dollars.—Chicago Daily News.

HAPPY WOMEN.

Mrs. Pare, wife of C. B. Pare, a prominent resident of Glasgow, Ky., says: "I was suffering from a complication of kidney troubles. Besides a bad back, I had a great deal of trouble with the secretions, which were exceedingly variable, sometimes excessive and at other times scanty. The color was high, and passages were accompanied with a scalding sensation. Doan's Kidney Pills soon regulated the kidney secretions, making their color normal and banished the inflammation which caused the scalding sensation. I can rest well, my back is strong and sound and I feel much better in every way."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

MARSHALL FIELD AND CO.'S WAREHOUSE MANAGER

Cured of Catarrh of Kidneys by Pe-ru-na.

HON. JOHN T. SHEAHAN, OF CHICAGO.

Hon. John T. Sheahan, who has been for seventeen years manager of Marshall Field & Co.'s wholesale warehouse, and is corporal 2d Regiment Infantry, I. N. G., writes the following letter from 3753 Indiana avenue, Flat Six, Chicago, Ill.:

Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Gentlemen:—"Last summer I caught a cold which seemed to settle in my kidneys and affected them badly. I tried a couple of kidney remedies largely advertised, but they did not help me any. One of my foremen told me of the great help he had received in using Peruna in a similar case, and I at once procured some.

"It was indeed a blessing to me, as I am on my feet a large part of the day, and trouble such as I had affected me seriously, but four bottles of Peruna cured me entirely and I would not be without it for three months salary."—JOHN T. SHEAHAN.

Mr. Jacob Fleig writes from 44 Sumner avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.:

"I am now a new man at the age of seventy-five years, thanks to your wonderful remedy Peruna."—Jacob Fleig.

Catarrhal inflammation of the mucous lining of the kidneys, also called "Bright's disease," may be either acute or chronic. The acute form produces symptoms of such prominence that the serious nature of the disease is at once suspected, but the chronic variety may come on so gradually and insidiously that its presence is not suspected until after it has fastened itself thoroughly upon its victims.

At the appearance of the first symptom Peruna should be taken. This remedy strikes at once at the very root of the disease.

A book on catarrh sent free by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

$100.00 Reward

will be gladly paid to anyone who will furnish convicting evidence against imitators and substitutors who try to sell you worthless preparations when CASCARETS are called for. Don't ever take substitutes, but insist on having

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
BEST FOR THE BOWELS

The great merit of CASCARETS makes big sales everywhere. Therefore, now and then, dealers try to substitute "something just as good." It's a lie! Don't let them do it, and if they try, write us confidentially at once. Address STERLING REMEDY COMPANY, Chicago or New York. All Druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Beware of Imitations!

411

GALL-STONE CURE. "Graemer's Calculus Cure" Is a Certain Remedy FOR GALL STONES. Stones in the Kidneys, Stones in the Urinary Bladder or Gravel, Biliousness, Sallow Complexion, Jaundice and all Stomach Troubles resulting from Biliousness. Write for Particulars. If your druggist does not keep it, order from us. WM. GRAEMER, 4100 N. Grand Ave., St. Louis, Mo. DRUGGISTS—WE SUPPLY YOU DIRECT.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

PILES ANAKESIS gives instant relief and POSITIVELY CURES PILES. For free sample address "ANAKESIS," Tribune building, New York.

PATENTS 48-page book FREE, highest references. FITZGERALD & CO., Box K, Washington, D. C.

A. N. K.—C 1995

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 & $3 SHOES UNION MADE

You can save from $3 to $5 yearly by wearing W. L. Douglas $3.50 or $3 shoes.

They equal those that have been costing you from $4.00 to $5.00. The immense sale of W. L. Douglas shoes proves their superiority over all other makes.

Sold by retail shoe dealers everywhere. Look for name and price on bottom.

That Douglas uses Corona Colt proves there is value in Douglas shoes. Corona is the highest grade Pat. Leather made. Fast Color Eyelets used. Our $4 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.

Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Illustrated Catalog free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Big Four Route

TO THE WORLD FAMED

Virginia Hot Springs.

2,500 feet elevation on Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Pre-eminent among all-year-round Resorts.

THE NEW

Homestead Hotel,

Under the management of Mr. Fred Sterry.

This fine brick structure is now fully completed. Has 400 rooms and 200 private baths, each room supplied with long distance 'phone and modern appointments. Brokers' office with direct New York wire.

MAGNIFICENT BATH-HOUSE and most curative waters known for rheumatism, gout, obesity and nervous troubles.

FINE GOLF LINKS and NEW CLUB HOUSE with Squash Court, lounging rooms, cafe, ping-pong tables, etc. Tennis courts and all outdoor amusements. Orchestra.

OCTOBER and NOVEMBER
The Grandest Months in the Year.

Magnificent Train Service, Dining Cars, Pullman Sleepers, Observation Cars.

Reduced Rate Tickets now on sale.

For full information call on agents of the
BIG FOUR ROUTE.

TRADE-MARK.

"Sequel to the Fencing Girl."

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ART CALENDAR

Four graceful poses from life; figures ten inches high, reproduced in colors. Highest example of lithographic art.

"THE ONLY WAY"

to own one of these beautiful calendars is to send twenty-five cents with name of publication in which you read this advertisement, to GEO. J. CHARLTON, Gen'l Passenger Agent, Chicago & Alton Railway, CHICAGO, ILL.

The best railway line between CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY and PEORIA. Take the "Alton" to the St. Louis World's Fair, 1904.

DON'T GET WET!

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THE

SLICKER

MADE FAMOUS BY A REPUTATION EXTENDING OVED MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY.

TOWER'S garments and hats are made of the best materials in black or yellow for all kinds of wet work.

SATISFACTION IS GUARANTEED IF YOU STICK TO THE SIGN OF THE FISH.

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., Limited, TORONTO, CAN.

READERS OF THIS PAPER DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

Live Stock and Miscellaneous **ELECTROTYPES**

in great variety for sale at the lowest prices by A. N. Kellogg Newspaper Co., 71 Ontario St., Cleveland.

Riches of South Dakota

More than 60,000,000 bushels of corn, more than 50,000,000 bushels of wheat, live stock to the value of $32,000,000, hay to the value of $12,000,000, and products of the mines above $12,000,000 are some of the returns from South Dakota for 1903. With a population of 450,000 and the production of new wealth for 1903 above $146,000,000 it can be readily understood why South Dakota people are prosperous and happy. For them the horn of plenty has been turned upside down. This year for the sixth consecutive time South Dakota leads all other states in the production of per capita wealth.

Why don't you go there and better your condition?

From Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, and from many other points in Illinois, Minnesota, Iowa and Missouri, direct service to South Dakota is offered via the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

Its main lines and branch lines fairly gridiron the rich agricultural and stock country that lies east of the Missouri River in South Dakota. Its mileage in South Dakota is more than 1,200 miles, and by the building of extensions is being rapidly increased. Some of the best opportunities for success are in the territory of these new lines, but the railway company has NO farm lands for sale or for rent. If you are interested, it is worth while to write today for a new book on South Dakota.

F. A. MILLER, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, Chicago

Diastrious Wreck.

Carelessness is responsible for many a railway wreck and the same causes are making human wrecks of sufferers from Throat and Lung troubles. But since the advent of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, and even the worst cases be cured, and hopeless resignation is no longer necessary. Mrs. Lois Cragg of Dorchester, Mass., is one of many whose life was saved by Dr. King's New Discovery. This great remedy is guaranteed for all Throat and Lung diseases by L. Taggart, Druggist. Price 50c, and $1.00. Trial bottles free L. Taggart.

Not a Sick Day Since.

"I was taken severly sick with kidney trouble. I tried all sorts of medicines, none of which relieved me. One day I saw an ad. of your Electric Bitters and determined to try that. After taking a few doses I felt relieved, and soon thereafter was entirely cured, and have not seen a sick day since. Neighbors of mine have been cured of Rheumatism, Neuraigia, Liver and Kidney troubles and General Debility," This is what B. F. Bass, of Fremont, N. C. writes. Only 50c, at L. Taggart Druggist.

GOOD

Cedar Shingles

WILL KEEP OUT THE RAIN. WE HAVE THEM IN ALL GRADES.

C. B. HOWARD CO.

Do You Need It?

DON'T YOU WANT A LOAD OR TWO OF GOOD HARD WOOD? I SELL IT.

ROBT. CLARK.

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Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

396-408 Main Street,

DRESS GOODS

A SPLENDID chance to get the season's best goods at a great reduction:

46-inch all-wool cheviot suitings, full range of all new fast colors. Everyday price 69c Special..... 50c

44-inch all-wool imported French Crepe de chine, 25 beautiful shade. Everyday price $1.00 yard Special..... 75c

54-inch all-wool Scotch fancy suitings, all new color combinations. Everyday price $1.00 yard. Special..... 75c

Latest novelty, green and blue checks and plaids for shirt-waist suits. Special at 75c, $1 and..... $1.25

56-inch, 18oz. all-wool Kerseys, for jackets and coats, strictly all wool; sold everyday at $2.50. Special..... $2.00

56-inch all-wool waterproof tweeds, for tailor suits and rain coate Everyday price $2 Special $1.50

Black Dress Goods

46-inch, all-woo black English rainproof storm serge. Bargain price 65c Extra bargain..... 50c

5 pieces 56-inch all wool black crepe cheviot tailor cloth, high-class material, sold everyday at $2. Special..... $1.25

5 pieces 56-inch all-wool black Kerseytailor cloth. Eveyday price $2.50. Special..... $1.50

5 pieces 46-inch Mesmins black voile. Everyday price $2 Extra special..... $1.10

OUR MAIL ORDER SERVICE.

We wish to bring to the attention of our "out of town" customers, and to those who, as yet, are not our customers, the facilities of this depariment, through which we endeavor by prampt and careful attention tn make shopping by mail a simple and satisfactory method of supplying wants.

Send for samples of anything you need.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.

The American Block,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

A Mammoth Holiday Issue.

The December Delineator (Christmas Number) represents the high-water mark of beauty and utility, and possibly of circulation also, in a woman's magazine, having a first edition of more than a million copies. It contains 240 pages. To produce the mammoth edition 728 tons of paper and 49 presses working 25 days were required. In addition to exquisite color work, clever fiction and strinkingly illustrated articles, the number includes a display of charming winter fashions covering forty-two pages, letters from the foreign fashion centres and illustrated articles on the fashionable fabrics and trimmings, millinery, etc. Among the notable contributs are: Richard Le Galliene, with a delicate romance, A Wedding ring in the Garden, containing lyrics in the author's best vein; W. A. Fraser, with an Indian tale, the Net of Leo; Albert Bigelow Paine, with a delightful sketch founded on the foibles of the collector; Harriet Prescott Spofford, with a love story of unusual interest, Andrew Lang, with a clever travesty on the usual fairy tale; and Gustav Kobbe, with an interesting paper describing the life of Mme. Emma Eames, in her Italian home, with her portrait in colors. There is also the third installment of the Evolution of a Club Woman, the piquant narrative of clubdom by Agnes Surbridge, and a remarkable photographic article by J. C. Hemment. There are many beautiful art features, among them four pages in colors representing Badyhood, Childhood, Girlhood and Motherhood—the work of Bernard J. Rosenmeyer. For the children there are entertaining games and stories, and for the housewife many practical suggestions in cookery and other departments of the home, for the Christmas season.

The Best Liniment.

"Chamberlain's Pain Balm is considered the best liniment on the market," writes Post & Bliss of Georgia, Vt. No other liniment will heal a cut or bruise so promptly. No other affords such quick relief from rheumatic pains. No other is so valuable for deep seated pains like lame back and pains in the chest. Give this liniment a trial and you never wish to be without it. Sold by Jno. E. Smith, Sterling Run.

A Remarkable Case.

One of the most remarkable cases of a cold, deep-seated on the lungs, causing pneumania, is that of Mrs. Gertrude E. Fenner, Marion Ind., who was entirely cured by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. She says: "The coughing and straining so weakened me that I ran down in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength." Sold by R. C. Dodson.

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

Mr. C. Haney, of Geneva, O., had the piles for 40 years. Doctors and dollars could do him no lasting good. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuts, burns, bruises, sprains, ulcerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases. Look for the name DeWitt on the package—all others are cheap, worthless counterfeits. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

A Good Name.

From personal experience I testify hat DeWitt's Little Early Risers are unequalled as a liver pill. They are rightly named because they give strength and energy and do their work with ease.—W. T. Easton, Boerne, Tex. Thousands of people are using these tiny little pills in preference to all others, because they are so pleasant and effectual. They cure biliousness, torpid liver, jaundice, sick headache, constipation, etc. They do not purge and weaken, but cleanse and strengthen. Sold by R. C. Dodson.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company Will Issue Clerical Orders for 1904.

Pursuant to its usual custom, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will issue clerical orders for the year 1904 to ordained clergymen having regular charge of churches located on or near its lines. Clergymen desiring such orders should make individual application for same on blanks furnished by the Company through its Agents. Applications should be sent to the General Office of the Company as soon as possible, in no case later than December 19, so that orders may be mailed by December 31 to all clergymen entitled to receive them. 2988-39-1t.

Low Rates West and Northwest.

Every day until November 30, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway will sell one-way tickets Chicago to many points on the Pacific Coast for $33. Never before have there been such opportunities for success as are presented in the West to day. It is worth your while to write for folders giving complete information.

John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Room D. Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa.

38-2t.

Thanksgiving In Tsilam

By FREDERICK A. OBER

[Copyright, 1903, by F. A. Ober.]

ONE might search the map for a week without finding the town of Tsilam, though it is an important shipping port in the logwood district of Yucatan, that part of Mexico which is nearest to the island of Cuba—that is, it is quite important for a port without any people to speak of—and the reason why it would not be detected is that the first two letters of Tsilam, the T and s, are replaced by an inverted C, which has the same "power" in pronunciation.

The United States consul in Merida, the capital of Yucatan, promised me that if I would lie over another steamer instead of proceeding directly to Vera Cruz and the City of Mexico he would celebrate Thanksgiving day, which fell due in the interval, in a fitting and appropriate manner. He would not tell me exactly how he intended to do it, but I knew him well enough to feel assured of something novel in store and so postponed the trip to Vera Cruz and placed myself unreservedly in his hands.

"Shows you've got sense," said he approvingly, "to trust me for the time being. Now, as a great and just reward I'm going to give you the time of your life. I've arranged for a grand 'poo,' which is the vernacular for a wild turkey hunt, and the native name for that turkey, by the way, is 'pavo del monte,' or the peacock of the hills. It is a smaller but more beautiful bird than the wild turkey of North America. Its meat has a finer flavor, and its plumage is glorious, every feather being tipped with a great golden 'eye,' like the peacock's, which fact has caused the naturalists to name it the Meleagris ocellatus.

"But enough of turkey terminology. You can hunt that up for yourself in the books on the subject. What I am going to do, wind and weather permitting, is to show you the bird and give you a taste of its flesh on the day set apart for the eating of turkey in the states. And, my official word for it, there will not probably be another citizen of los Estados Unidos del Norte, as the Mexicans call the United States, except perhaps myself, who will celebrate the day by devouring the succulent flesh of a pavo del monte."

Yucatan is a hot country, and when possible all long journeys are made between sunset and sunrise; so we started on the turkey hunt at midnight, climbing into our volan coche just as the last stroke of 12 sounded from the clock tower of the old cathedral.

"Quien vive?" yelled the sentinel on duty at the city gate as we dashed through the arched portal and sped into the country district.

"Amigos!" (friends) we shouted, but by this time we were half a gunshot away and our mules were going at such speed that if the sentinel had taken a shot at us he couldn't have hit our flying coche. But perhaps the reader has never seen, much less had a ride in, the volan coche, or flying coach, of Yucatan. Know, then, that it is a two

THE VOLAN COCHE

wheeled vehicle without springs and without seats, but in their stead a mattress, upon which the passengers stretch out and are supposed to snooze as the three mules in harness speed over the roads. The roads are about the roughest in the world, but the driver doesn't mind a little thing like that. His orders are to make time, and so he stands out on the shafts and plies the whip regardless, shouting at the top of his voice, "Moola, moola, moo, moo, moo, moo-lah!" And away we go, like the wind on a spree.

In this manner we traveled all that night and the next morning, halting only to change the mules every four hours or so, lying up from noon till 6 o'clock in the evening, when away again, alternately sleeping, eating, drinking and smoking, all the time on wheels, and at daylight the second morning we finally stopped for good, with a general assortment of "wheels in our heads." If there was a spot on my body not sore or bruised black and blue I do not remember having found it, and my legs were so stiff from disuse that at first getting on them I could hardly stand.

The town has one long street lined with one story dwellings of stone, and as everybody seemed to be asleep our muleteer began at one end of the street and pounded on every door, then repeated the performance back again until finally somebody poked his head out of a hole in the wall and told us to go to el diablo. An old woman showed herself at last and then a younger one, and both set to work most industriously grinding corn between two stones and cooking tortillas for us over an open fire.

I thought this might be the end of the journey, but the consul said no, there yet remained half a day's jaunt on horseback, but all the way through turkey country, so the time would pass more quickly and pleasantly than if we were in the volan. At last the old woman brought us a stack of tortillas a foot high and spread them out on a board for us to eat, while the younger female, a comely mestiza,

A VENDER OF FRUITS.

played on the guitar and sang to the popular tune of the "Toro." This was our Thanksgiving breakfast, tortillas and frijoles, the latter being beans fried in fat and the former just plain everyday flapjacks. We had no knives save our hunting knives and no forks or spoons, but we rolled up the thin tortillas into scoops, with which we ladled in the beans, with another tortilla as a plate, and after the beans were gone devoured both plate and spoon as well. So, there being no dishes to wash, the two women saddled our horses for us when the repast was over, saw to it that the girths were tight and the riatas coiled on the pommels and then gave us "adios" with much grace.

Four Maya Indians tramped the trail ahead of us and led the way through the logwood forests, where we wound between the crooked trees and among immense ant hills big as houses. Each Indian was naked to the waist, wearing nothing but a pair of pantaloons cut short at the knee, and in the hollow of his left arm carrying a wicked looking machete. When well into the forest they spread out like a great fan, ranging for turkeys, and not an hour passed before the consul and myself each had a shot, and each brought down a plump gobbler with plumage of golden bronze shining like the sun. When at last we reached the palm thatched hut on the coast where we were to pass the night each of us had three fine turkeys at his saddlebow, and the consul carried behind him a venado, or native deer, which he had shot on the jump as it plunged beneath the logwoods. The camp was reached late in the afternoon, but our four Indians went to work with such energy that by sunset they had our table spread with the viands smoking hot. It was set near the beach beneath the golden rooftrees of the cocoa palms, where a cool breeze tempered the heat of this tropic region and banished the mosquitoes.

As our friend had promised, our Thanksgiving dinner comprised the golden turkeys, two of them adorning our table, their heads neatly tucked beneath their wings, and which, stuffed with bread nuts and acajou, were more delicious to the taste than tongue can tell. Then we had venison, with guava jelly; faisan, or native quail; two kinds of fish peculiar to the coast of Yucatan; such fruits as the mango, orange, pineapple, and vegetables like the yam, eddoe and sweet potato. For drink we had amolli, a gruel made by mixing maize meal in water, pulque, bottled, and mescal, from the highlands of Mexico, and vino tinto, or claret, from Spain. All the drinks and comestibles had been brought by the Indians in hampers on their backs, all except the game, which they were instrumental in securing by acting as guides to the haunts of the pavo del monte. As we ate and drank we heartily agreed that Thanksgiving day in Tsilam was indeed a day on which to be thankful.

New Games

A FREE game inside each package of

Lion Coffee

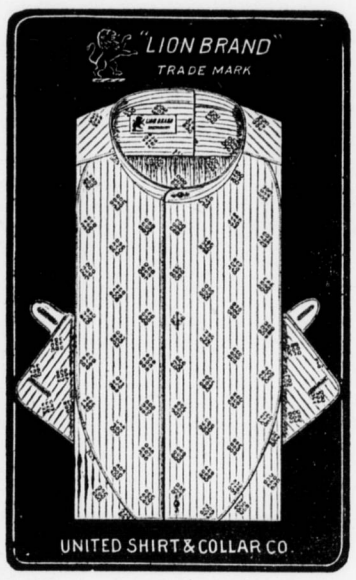
60 different games.

Fall and Winter

Announcement.

R. SEGER & SON,

Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa.



Have completely renovated and greatly improved the interior of their store, now having one of the most tastily arranged

Clothing and Furnishing Goods Stores.

They take pride in calling attention to their very extensive line of STYLISH TAILOR MADE GARMENTS from the celebrated factories of COOPER & CO., Utica, N. Y., SCHLOSS & CO., Baltimore, Md., and HART, SHAFFER & MARX, Chicago, the most popular makers in America. These goods are all strictly up to date and warranted to give satisfaction. The finest in the land.

GOLD WATCH GIVEN AWAY.

We give our customers, both ladies and gental checks which entitle a number to a beautiful gold watch Coupons will be issued unuit JANUARY 1st. These time pieces are of bes make. Call and see for yourself.

OUR JEWELRY CABINET

Has been given careful attention this year and we have added many handsome designs in this department—not cheap trash, but good, honest goods and neat, haudsome and reasonable. This is the largest line in Emporium.

IN FURNISHINGS we are pleased to announce the largest assortment comprising the popular makes in SHISTS and UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, TIES, and COLLARS. We are agents for the Lion Brand of Shirts. No better made. The popular See-an-El Hat on sale. Don't forget we have a full line of TRUNKS, SATCHELS, TELESCOPES, SUIT CASES, Etc.

If You Don't See What You Want Ask for it.

R. SEGER & SON,

Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers to the People.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers The famous little pills.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.

L. TAGGART, the Popular Druggist Whose aim is always to serve the Public with only the best of everything in his line.

Has been successful in securing

THE SOLE AGENCY

For a Remedy which they do not ask you to buy on the strength of Published Testimonials but will give it Free for 10 days to each person who desires to try

The Greatest Blood, Nerve and Stomach Remedy Ever Offered to the Suffering Public.

Ask them for a free trial package of the Dr. Lyon Home Treatment for Catarrh, Blood, Nerve and Stomach Disease. IT IS GUARANTEED to cure all Stomach, Bowel and Liver Troubles, and the best medicines for pale, weak women. This medicine has stood the tests. It is recommended by physicians and all who use is. IT IS FREE TO TRY. It will cleanse, soothe and heal the mucus membrane of the whole system. Makes new blood and strong nerves. IT REMOVES THE CAUSE OF DISEASE. Nature will do the rest. It contains no stimulant, opiate, or other poison. It is a pure botanical product, which restores health to all who use it. *Procure the free trial to-day at* TAGGART'S.

ORDINANCE NO. 43.

An Ordinance granting permission to THE AMERICAN TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE COMPANY OF PENNSYLVANIA to construct its lines of poles, wires and fixtures upon the public ways of the Borough of Emporium, Pennsylvania, upon the terms and conditions therein stated.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Town Council of the Borough of Emporium, Cameron county, Pennsylvinia, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that THE AMERICAN TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE COMPANY OF PENSYLVANIA, its successors or assigns, be and the same hereby are, granted the right, privilege and authority to construct, operate and maintain its lines of poles, wires and fixtures upon, along, over and under the public ways of said Borough of Emporium, upon the following terms and conditions, viz:

SECTION 1. All poles shall be reasonably straight; they shall be erected under the direction and supervision of the Street Committee of said Town Council and shall be subject to their approval, and they shall be so placed as not to interfere with the public and customary private uses of said public ways, impede the flow of water in ditches or drains, or obstruct entrances to gate-ways or drive-ways.

SECTION 2. Said Borough shall hold said Company responsible at any and all times for any and all damages caused by the construction or negligent maintenance of said lines in said Borough.

SECTION 3. Said Company shall be subject to any and all general ordinances of said Borough now in force, or which may hereafter be passed regulating the use of the public ways or other public places in said Borough, or taxing poles and wires generally in said Borough.

SECTION 4. It is expressly provided that said Company, its successors or assigns, its agents or employes shall not climb, cut, injure or in any manner interfere with any tree in said Borough without the express consent of the owner thereof.

SECTION 5. In consideration of the rights and privileges herein granted said Borough shall have the right to attach the wires of its fire alarm and police telegraph system to any and all poles erected under the provisions of this ordinance, in addition to the right of taxing said Company's poles and wires as provided in Section 3 hereof and according to law.

SECTION 6. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after the earliest period allowed by law.

Ordained and enacted into an Ordinance this 12th day of November, 1903.

G. F. BALCOM, President.

ATTEST:—
C. J. GOODNOUGH, Secretary.
Approved: November 13th, 1903.
JOSIAH HOWARD, Burgess.

Notice of Application for Charter.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS FOR THE COUNTY OF CAMERON.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the said court on the 21st day of December, A. D., 1903, under the "Corporation act of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four," and the supplements thereto, by CHAS. SEGER, E. D. WHITE HENRY AUCHU, J. C. JOHNSON and F. C. RIECK, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called BUSINESS MEN'S CLUB OF EMPORIUM, the character and object of which is for the maintenance of a club for social enjoyments, and for these purposes to have possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the said act and its supplements.

36-3t. C. W. SHAFFER, Solicitor.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.

Watch This Space

Murry & Coppersmith Co.

HARDWARE, STOVES

Emporium, - Penn'a.